

CANADA DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS CENSUS DIVISION

ANALYTICAL AND TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM NO. 6

MIGRATION PROJECTIONS FOR CANADA 1969-84

by

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Population Estimates and Projections Section



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MIGRATION PROJECTIONS FOR CANADA 1969-84

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MIGRATION PROJECTIONS FOR CANADA 1969-84*

Résumé

Cette étude examine les tendances passées et futures d'immigration et d'émigration par âge et sexe jusqu'en 1984 pour le besoin de la projection de population du Canada élaborée par le Bureau fédéral de la statistique. Plusieurs problèmes tant méthodologiques que statistiques devront être résolus au préalable. Cette étude explore, quelquefois empiriquement, les façons d'estimer la distribution par âge et sexe des immigrants et émigrants et d'autres données requises pour les projections. On s'attend à ce qu'entre 80,000 et 200,000 immigrants arriveront dans ce pays annuellement pendant les quinze années à venir; d'autre part on estime le nombre d'émigrants à 60,000 par année durant cette même période. Les projections basées sur ces hypothèses indiquent une addition cumulative nette de 108,000 à 749,000 à la population totale d'ici 5 ans. Ceci implique un accroissement, dû aux migrations, d'un 1/10 à 3/4 de 1 pour-cent de la population totale de chaque année.

Abstract

This study examines past trends, and it presents projections of immigration and emigration by age and sex up to 1984 for incorporation in the DBS population projections for Canada. Several problems, both methodological and statistical, will have to be solved before completing the work, and the present study explores, sometimes empirically, ways of estimating the age-sex distribution of immigrants/emigrants and other data needed for the projections. As for the prospects, it is anticipated that immigration will range from 80,000 to 200,000 persons a year over the next fifteen years while emigration will be about 60,000 persons in a year. Projections based on these assumptions indicate a cumulative net additions to population of 108,000 to 749,000 in five years. This will mean an increase through migration of about one-tenth to three-fourths of 1 per cent of the total population in each year.

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in this paper.



1. Introduction

Migration projections(1), although very hazardous to undertake, are of crucial importance in population projections for Canada. This importance stems from two sources: (a) the direct contribution of migration each year to the growth and structure of population, and (b) the indirect influence of births and deaths over years among immigrants after their arrival. Efforts to prepare migration projections shall therefore lie in discerning the future role of these two main sources.

Three methods can broadly be conceived to project either of these sources or both. The first is a <u>consensus method</u> based on the opinion of experts and/or administrators at the concerned department of the government. The second may be called the <u>analytical method</u> that rests on examining historical data and, most likely, extrapolation of statistical trends. Both these techniques are to a varying degree arbitrary and subject to errors. Therefore, the third possible procedure is to base projections on sophisticated <u>models</u> that attempt to relate migration in a systematic way to a set of measurable explanatory variables for which reasonable projections already exist or can be prepared readily. Models of this sort are still in their infancy, and it is difficult to predict at this stage their efficiency and ultimate usefulness.

In addition to the above methodological problems, the application of any of these methods is severely limited by the nature and availability of data. Migration statistics are generally very poor or non-existent and suffer from various errors. This description is true even of Canada as far as the information on emigration and on the indirect effects of migration is concerned. However, immigration statistics are in great detail available for Canada, especially for the post-war years to examine its direct impact on population change. In these circumstances, the present paper adopts both analytical and consensus methods to prepare migration projections for Canada over the next fifteen years.

Even so the indirect contribution of migration to population growth is hard to project for this period. Current knowledge about the fertility behaviour of the immigrant women is limited, and a lot of research is needed in this field. Pending this development, it is simply assumed for the present purpose that the future fertility and mortality among international migrants would be the same as that projected for the resident population. These demographic projections are available in related papers prepared for DBS 1969 Population Projections for Canada (Romaniuk, 1969; Zayachkowski, 1969).

2. Post-war Trends in Migration

Migration has been an important source of population change in Canada over the past decades. In the post-war period alone, migration contributed positively from five to forty per cent (excluding 1948-49) of the total population increase

⁽¹⁾ The term "migration projections", unless specifically stated, refers in this paper to immigration projections and/or emigration projections.

in a year (Table 1). Historically speaking, this is a significant development in the sense that the country has consistently gained over the past two and a half decades with the exception perhaps of a year or two. In contrast to these recent trends, demographers analysing the data for earlier decades from 1851 to 1941 observed gains as well as losses in some decades (cf. Keyfitz, 1950, p. 50; McDougall, 1961, p. 172). The factors responsible for recent trends in migration might be innumerable and lay in different fields, demographic, economic, political and so on. Migration research, both historical and cross-sectional, has not so far dwelled adequately into the causative forces of migration to and from Canada. Consequently, an explanation of past trends and hence projections of future trends have perforce to take the form of broad generalisation based on descriptive analyses. Such a procedure is followed below to explain the post-war trends.

TABLE 1. Growth of the Population of Canada through Natural Increase and Net Migration, 1949-69

(numbers in thousands)

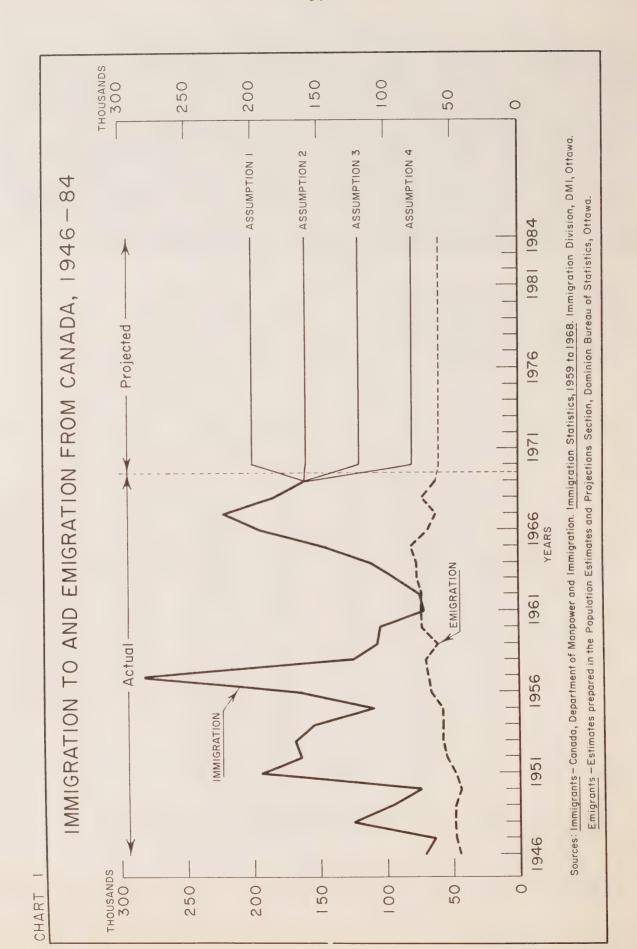
Year/Period	av 31) Cat and to total growth						ution of gration l growth
(June 1 to May 31)	of period)	Number	Per- centage	Number	Per- centage	Number	Per- centage
			(a)	Decennial			
1949-59 1959-69	17,483 21,061	4,036 3,578	30 20	2,945 2,854	73 80	1,092 723	27 20
	(b) Annual						
1949-50	13,712 14,009	265 297	1.9	233 242	88 82	32 55	12 18
1951-52 1952-53	14,459 14,845	450 386	3.1 2.6	265 279	59 72	185 107	41 28
1953-54 1954-55	15,287 15,698	442	2.9	302 31 5	68 77	140 96	32 23
1955-56 1956-57 1957-58	16,081 16,610 17,080	383 529 470	2.4 3.2 2.8	312 329 334	81 62 71	71 201 136	19 38 29
1958-59 1959-60	17,483 17,870	403	2.3	334 339	83 88	69 48	17 12
1960-61	18,238 18, 5 83	368 345	2.0	339 329	92 95	30 16	8 5
1962-63 1963-64 1964-65	18,931 19,291 19,644	348 360 353	1.8 1.9 1.8	326 315 294	94 88 83	22 45 59	6 12 17
1965-66	20,015	371 384	1.8	254 232	68 61	117 151	32 39
1967-68 1968-69	20,744 21,061	34 5 317	1.7 1.5	215 211	62 67	130 106	38 33

Sources: 1. Based on the unpublished worksheets relating to the annual population estimates prepared at the Population Estimates and Projections Section, Census Division, DBS.

Note: The decennial contribution of net migration to the total growth was obtained by adding the annual net migration figures for the ten years from 1949 to 1959 and 1959 to 1969.

^{2.} See also DBS, <u>Population 1921-66</u>, Catalogue No. 91-511, pp. 36-53.

As the figures in Table 1 indicate only the balance of immigration to and emigration from Canada for each year ending May 31, it may be worthwhile to go behind these figures for an explanation of past migratory trends, and to examine the trends per se in the two streams. As pointed out before, emigration series are estimates and consequently, to some extent, analyses of emigration trends may be less accurate. Chart 1 depicts the volume of immigration to and emigration from Canada from 1946 to 1968. Over this period, emigration fluctuated within a small range while immigration was spread over a wide range. The large contribution of migration in some years to population growth shown in Table 1 coincided with an increasing volume of immigration rather than any sharp decline of emigration from Canada in the same years. Likewise, the smaller gains were found to be due to low immigration rather than to an increased outflow of people. In short, immigration was the dominant factor governing the volume of net migration as given in Table 1 for the past two decades.



3. Future Immigration and Emigration

From the foregoing analyses of immigration which were characterized by such wide fluctuations, it is hard to foresee with some degree of confidence the future course of migration. Construction of migration models as an aid to prepare projections is considered not feasible with the present knowledge of this field. Therefore, future trends shall be inferred from past trends only.

In the previous population projections, the procedure was to assume an absolute volume of migration to and from Canada every year. For example, the Economic Council made three assumptions, namely, 200,000, 150,000 and 100,000 immigrants to Canada each year against an outflow of 80,000 emigrants throughout the projection period of fifteen years from 1965 to 1980. (Illing, et al., 1967, p. 23). These straight-line assumptions regarding migration can, at best, attempt to gauge the average volume of migration in future and in the light of past fluctuations a single average migration assumption cannot be adequate in preparing population projections for Canada. In the following paragraphs, therefore, the past immigration and emigration trends are reviewed from different angles with a view to arrive at a set of reasonable assumptions regarding the future volume of migration.

First, immigration since 1946 was ranked in order of magnitude and Table 2 presents the top ten years when immigration was at a high tide and the bottom ten years when it was at a low ebb. To concentrate for the moment on long-term projections, (2) the average for the ten best years of immigration was calculated to be about 190,000 immigrants a year. Similarly, the average for the ten years of very low immigration in Table 2 was 87,000 persons a year. For the purpose of short-term projections, the focus was changed from an examination of trends since post-war years to that in the more recent period (i.e. from 1961) and, following the definition of short-term to include three years, the average for the three years of high immigration (1967, 1968 and 1966) was found to be 201,000 a year. The average for three recent years of low immigration (1961, 1962 and 1963) amounted to 80,000 persons a year. For the period 1969-84, over the short as well as the long periods, the immigration may therefore be assumed to lie within the range of 80,000 and 201,000 or roughly 200,000 a year.

⁽²⁾ In this paper, the long term refers to a period of ten years and the short term to a period of three years.

TABLE 2. Ten Highest and Lowest Years of Immigration During 1946-68

	O				
Year	Total population	Immigration	Emigration	Immigration as a percentage of total population	Emigration as a percentage of total population
Ten highest years of immigration					
1951	14,009,000 14,459,000 14,845,000 15,287,000 16,081,000 16,610,000 19,644,000 20,015,000 20,405,000 20,744,000	194,391 164,498 168,868 154,227 164,857 282,164 146,758 194,743 222,876 183,974	47,900 55,400 58,200 57,700 67,100 68,900 81,200 68,800 62,800 73,000	1.39 1.14 1.13 1.01 1.02 1.70 0.75 0.97 1.09 0.89	0.34 0.38 0.39 0.38 0.42 0.41 0.41 0.34 0.31
Average (long term) based on ten years	17,209,900	187,736	64,100	1.09	0.37
Average (short term) based on three years, i.e. 1966, 1967 and 1968 Ten lowest years of	20,386,000	200,564	67,660	0.98	0.33
immigration 1946	12,292,000 12,551,000 13,447,000 13,712,000 15,698,000 17,483,000 17,870,000 18,238,000 18,583,000 18,931,000	71,719 64,127 95,217 73,912 109,946 106,928 104,111 71,689 74,586 93,151	45,000 48,500 48,500 43,900 57,700 61,500 73,300 73,600 73,900 76,800	0.58 0.51 0.71 0.54 0.70 0.61 0.58 0.39 0.40 0.49	0.37 0.39 0.36 0.32 0.37 0.35 0.41 0.40 0.40
Average (long term) based on ten years	15,880,500	86,539	60,270	0.54	0.38
Average (short term) based on three years, i.e. 1961, 1962 and 1963	18,582,000	79,801	74,759	0.43	0.40

Sources: Canada, Department of Manpower and Immigration (Immigration Division),

Immigration Statistics 1959 to 1968 (Annual); DBS 91-201 (Annual)

Estimates of Population of Canada by Provinces; estimates of emigration are from the worksheets of population estimates prepared at the Population Estimates and Projections Section, Census Division, DBS.

The average emigration over the long term varied from 64,000 a year when immigration was high, to 60,000 a year when immigration was low (see Table 2). The corresponding range for the short term was between 68,000 and 75,000 a year.

Secondly, a similar analysis of past trends was approached from the emigration angle and Table 3 shows the top ten years, after 1946, when emigration was very high as well as the ten years when it was low. The average high emigration for ten years, that is in the long term, was an estimated 74,000 persons a year and the average low emigration was 51,000. For the short period, the range was between 74,000 and 58,000 a year. Considering these past levels and taking into account the range of emigration indicated in Table 2, the future emigration may be supposed to lie between 51,000 and 75,000 or roughly between 50,000 and 75,000 persons a year. However, as this range is very small, a single assumption of 60,000 emigrants each year during the projection period of fifteen years is here suggested for adoption in the population projections for Canada.

TABLE 3. Ten Highest and Lowest Years of Emigration During 1946-68

				Immigration	Emigration
	Total			as a	as a
Year	population	Immigration	Emigration	percentage	percentage
	populacion			of total	of total
				population	population
Ten highest years of					
emigration					
1057	16 610 000	202 16/	60 000	1.70	0.41
1957	16,610,000	282,164	68,900	1	0.41
1958	17,080,000	124,851	70,600	0.73	
1960	17,870,000	104,111	73,300	0.58	0.41
1961	18,238,000	71,689	73,600	0.39	0.40
1962	18,583,000	74,586	73,900	0.40	0.40
1963	18,931,000	93,151	76,800	0.49	0.41
1964	19,290,000	112,606	77,100	0.58	0.40
1965	19,644,000	146,758	81,000	0.75	0.41
1966	20,015,000	194,743	68,800	0.97	0.34
1968	20,744,000	183,974	73,000	0.89	0.35
1,000	20,711,000	105,57	75,000	0.05	0.55
Average (long term)					
based on ten years	18,700,500	138,863	73,720	0.74	0.39
Average (short term)					
based on three					
years, i.e. 1965,	20 122 000	175 150	7/ 050	0.87	0.37
1966 and 1968	20,132,000	175,158	74,059	0.07	0.37
Ten lowest years of					
emigration					
1946	12,292,000	71,719	45,000	0.58	0.37
1947	12,551,000	64,127	48,500	0.51	0.39
1948	12,823,000	125,414	48,800	0.98	0.38
		§ ·	48,500	0.71	0.36
1949	13,447,000	95,217			
1950	13,712,000	73,912	43,900	0.54	0.32
1951	14,009,000	194,391	47,900	1.39	0.34
1952	14,459,000	164,498	55,400	1.14	0.38
1953	14,845,000	168,868	58,200	1.14	0.39
1954	15,287,000	154,227	57,700	1.01	0.38
1955	15,698,000	109,946	57,700	0.70	0.37
Avanaga (lana tam)					
Average (long term) based on ten years	13,912,300	122,232	51,160	0.88	0.37
based on ten years	23,712,300	225,232	31,100		
Average (short term)					
based on three					
years, i.e. 1953,					
1954 and 1955	15,275,000	144,333	57,861	0.94	0.38
				mmigration Dis	

Sources: Canada, Department of Manpower and Immigration (Immigration Division),

Immigration Statistics 1959 to 1968 (Annual); DBS 91-201 (Annual)

Estimates of Population of Canada by Provinces; estimates of emigration are from the worksheets of population estimates prepared at the Population Estimates and Projections Section, Census Division, DBS.

According to Table 3 the average immigration over the long term was 139,000 a year during the ten years of high emigration and 122,000 a year during the ten years of low emigration. The averages for the short run were respectively 175,000 and 144,000 a year. These levels fall within the range of immigration earlier postulated for the future, namely, 80,000 to 200,000 persons per annum. This range, however, is considerably wide and therefore, it is further proposed to include in the population projections four assumptions covering the above range of prospective immigration. These assumptions are 200,000; 160,000; 120,000 and 80,000 immigrants a year during the projection period. The resulting net gains from future migration under the proposed four immigration and one emigration assumptions are shown in Table 4.

TABLE 4. Assumed Average Annual Immigration and Emigration During 1969-84 (thousands of persons)

	Gross immigration	Gross emigration	Net immigration
Assumption 0	0	0	0
Assumption 1	200	60	140
Assumption 2	160	60	100
Assumption 3	120	60	60
Assumption 4	80	60	20

In reality, however, ten or even three good or bad years in succession are not too common. Nor does prosperity and recession alternate in known periodicity. Therefore, as already cautioned, it is not feasible to approximate the future migration in one series of projections. At the same time, however, the projection of a wide range of possibilities as proposed in Table 4, can prove unwieldy at the time of integration with a series of alternative fertility and mortality projections to arrive at population projections. The set becomes even more unwieldy when the population projections have to be used for socio-economic projections (school enrolment, labour force, households, etc.) that in turn involve a series of assumptions regarding future trends in these characteristics.

Hence, the net migration trends in recent years were further examined with a view to gauge the probable range of future net migration. For this purpose, the short and long term averages for net migration were calculated from Table 1 for three recent years (1965 to 1968) and for ten recent years (1958 to 1968). These averages varied from 133,000 (short term) to 69,000 (long term) a year. On the basis of this range for net migration in which were embedded the effects of prosperity or recession, as happened in reality over the immediate past, the opinion may be hazarded that the course of future migration may be close to Assumption 2 given in Table 4.

4. Age-Sex Composition of Immigrants

The migration assumptions set forth in Table 4 are in aggregate terms. Projections are often required in detail by age and sex, and the DBS approach involves preparation of projections by single years of age and sex (Romaniuk and Gnanasekaran, 1968). Sections 4, 5 and 6 of this paper are therefore devoted to project the age-sex patterns of future immigration and emigration postulated in the preceding section.

For the purpose of detailed projections, the age-sex composition of immigrants during a single year, say, 1969 can be taken as the future distribution. But, the composition of migrants is generally subject to variation annually and therefore the data relating to a single year may reflect more often the peculiar conditions of the selected year. Hence, it is rational to take the average age-sex pattern of immigrants over a period of three, five, seven, ten or more years. A similar approach is proposed here and the following analyses are undertaken with a view to select a reasonable average pattern.

TABLE 5. Average Age-Sex Composition of Immigrants Based on Three, Five, Seven and Ten Years, 1956-65

(number per 100,000 persons)

Age group	Three-year average (1963-65)		Five-year average (1961-65)		Seven-year average (1959-65)		Ten-year average (1956-65)	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
0- 4 5- 9 10-14 15-19 20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49 50-54 55-59 60-64 65-69	5,105 4,235 3,051 3,956 8,215 8,990 5,771 3,804 2,347 1,173 933 728 538 520 475	4,868 3,941 2,918 4,284 9,648 7,904 4,887 3,225 2,050 1,216 1,265 1,208 1,066 807 872	4,926 4,119 3,039 3,900 8,090 8,593 5,534 3,671 2,225 1,207 965 715 554 537 512	4,679 3,839 2,902 4,408 10,258 8,075 4,978 3,316 2,067 1,346 1,355 1,265 1,144 855 926	4,771 4,066 3,058 3,954 8,376 8,493 5,476 3,635 2,138 1,337 1,028 733 538 502 476	4,538 3,805 2,891 4,368 10,455 8,007 5,021 3,318 1,986 1,482 1,424 1,289 1,132 827 876	4,713 4,193 2,971 4,012 9,329 9,152 5,977 3,850 2,224 1,452 967 641 424 386 362	4,462 3,903 2,769 4,002 9,852 7,859 5,152 3,279 1,949 1,474 1,298 1,093 928 653 674
All ages	49,841	50,159	48,587	51,413	48,581	51,419	50,653	49,347

Source: Based on Table A.2.

The procedure for selection consists of two steps: (a) the calculation of a number of average age-sex patterns of immigrants based on past data (1956-65) for different lengths of period, and (b) evaluation of these average age-sex structures to select a suitable one. For the purpose of evaluation, these different patterns are compared with the reported age-sex composition of immigrants after 1965 or in the present instance, during the period 1966-68. To illustrate the average for the period 1963 to 1965 was calculated to give an hypothetical age-sex structure of immigrants during 1966 to 1968 that is based on a period of three years; similarly, in Table 5, the averages for 1961 to 1965, 1959 to 1965 and 1956 to 1965 were calculated to postulate the age-sex structures during 1966-68 that are based respectively on five-, seven- and ten-year periods.

The results of comparison are given in Table 6 which presents the total absolute deviations of the above four hypothetical age-sex patterns (for analytical purposes assumed for the years 1966, 1967 and 1968) from those reported for these three years. Briefly, the pattern based on ten years average showed a total deviation for males of 2.90 percentage points for 1966 that was the least, as compared to that of 4.75, 5.43 and 3.27 percentage points, respectively, of the patterns relating to seven—, five— and three—year averages. This relatively low deviation for the ten—year average was observed for each year, 1967 and 1968 in Table 6. It was also true for females for 1967. For 1966 and 1968, the three— and seven—year average patterns, respectively, showed the least absolute deviations from the reported age structure. Over all, it appears that the age—sex pattern taken as the average for the preceding ten years may come close to the prospective age—sex structure of immigrants in the ensuing years.

TABLE 6. Comparison of Average Age-Sex Pattern of Immigrants Based on Three, Five, Seven and Ten Years with that Reported for 1966, 1967 and 1968

(figures are the total absolute deviations in percentage points)

Year	Three-year		Five-year		Seven-year		Ten-year	
	average		average		average		average	
	(1963-65)		(1961-65)		(1959-65)		(1956-65)	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
1966	3.27	2.97	5.43	4.82	4.75	5.17	2.90	3.27
	5.39	4.75	6.15	4.63	6.32	4.65	3.60	4.06
	5.40	5.16	5.54	4.57	5.37	4.32	3.99	4.99

Sources: Based on Tables 5 and A.2.

Two questions arise here. First, the absolute deviations are noted to be small and even smaller, if, as common, one half of the total deviations is taken and, therefore, it is questionable whether they are significant enough to indicate a clear choice for the ten-year average. Assuming the differences are small and not significant, it does not follow that the ten-year average should not be chosen. It only behoves to go behind these figures of total deviations and examine further these hypothetical structures based on three, five, seven and ten years. This is attempted in Table 7 which is an expansion of the previous table and presents the average of positive and negative deviations for the four hypothetical age-sex patterns of immigrants.

For males, the average positive deviations shown in Table 7 were considerably less for the hypothetical structure based on ten-year average than the others for 1966 and 1967. However, the average negative deviations, though not the lowest in all years, were observed to be not widely different from the lowest value.

In the case of females, the average positive deviations were, excepting 1966, the lowest for the hypothetical structure based on the seven-year average. But the average negative deviations turned out to be the smallest for the ten-year average in all periods excepting 1968. Over all, again, it was judged here that the odds in favour of choosing a ten-year average were greater than those of three-, five- and seven-year averages.

TABLE 7. Positive and Negative Deviations of Average Age-Sex Pattern of Immigrants Based on Three, Five, Seven and Ten Years from that Reported for 1966, 1967 and 1968

(in percentage points)

1					23 -	
		les	(4) (11)	(4) (11)	(6)	
ear	.65)	Females	0.31	0.38 (4)	0.42	
Ten-year	(1956-65)	SS	(10)	(3)	(5)	
		Males	0.21	0.30	0.46	ons.
		les	(4)	(4)	(4)	eviati
-year	-65)	Females	0.55 (7) 0.37 (4) 0.21 (10) 0.31 0.13 (8) 0.34 (11) 0.17 (5) 0.18	0.20 (4) 0.30 0.35 (11) 0.19	0.64 (6) 0.26 (4) 0.46 (5) 0.42 0.17 (9) 0.30 (11) 0.19 (10) 0.29	cive de
Seven-year	(1959-65	SS	(7)	(8)	9	negal
		Males	0.55	0.67	0.64	ive or
		les	(3)	(3)	(2)	posit
ear	85 65)	Females	0.31	0.26	0.57	wing
Five-year	(1961-65)	SS	(8)	(3)	(5)	ors so
	Ŭ	Males	0,68	0.58	0.42 (5) 0.33 (5) 0.57 (2) 0.31 (10) 0.39 (10) 0.26 (13)	group
		les	0.16 (4)	0.37 (4)	(5)	of age
year	.65)	Females	0.16	0.37	0.42	umber
Three-y	(1963-65)	S	(8)	(6)	(6)	the nu
		Males	0.31 (8)	0.72 (5)	0.53 (6)	enote
			Average positive deviation Average negative deviation	Average positive deviation Average negative deviation	Average positive deviation Average negative deviation	Note: Figures in brackets denote the number of age groups showing positive or negative deviations
			1966 positive negative	1967 positive negative	1968 positive negative	gures in
			Average	Average	Average	Note: Fi

Sources: Based on Tables 5 and A.2.

The second question is whether a ten-year average will give undue weight to past distributions if there have been distinct trends by age and sex during, say, the past three, five or seven years. Two aspects are at least involved in this question, namely (a) the presence and proper measurement of trend, and (b) the projection of this trend over the future years.

As for the measurement of trend, there is no single procedure. In fact, what one may describe as a distinct trend may not appear so to another analyst. Nevertheless, a measure of average over a period is often relied upon in analysing and projecting a migration trend. In the previous projections, this average was calculated over a period of ten or fifteen years (Illing, et al., 1967, p. 8). The use of other averages, notably over three, five and seven years, were earlier examined along with a ten-year average and the choice of a ten-year average was indicated by the preceding analyses.

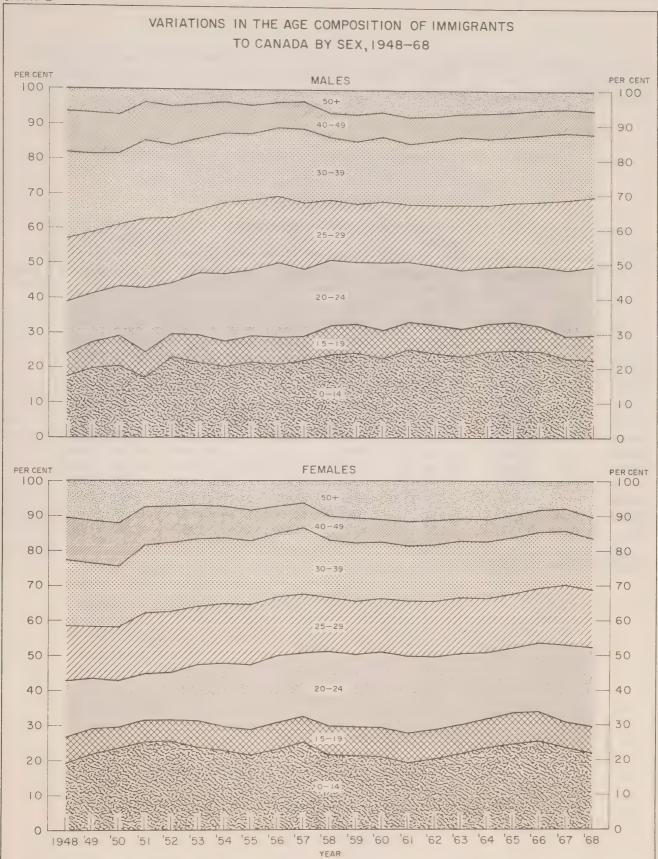
An indirect answer to the second question may be found from the foregoing analyses, and had there been a distinct trend during the period 1959-68, the hypothetical age-sex structures based on three, five and seven years might, in that order, have yielded less deviations than the ten-year average. But this was not the case and the ten-year average fared better as a measure of trend in terms of both total deviations and deviations by age groups and sex.(3) Based on a series of ten-year moving averages, a trend could be fitted either mathematically or graphically with a view to project the future age-sex structure of immigrants. This procedure was, however, not attempted here in anticipation of the findings in the following pages.

Toward gathering direct evidences of trend, Chart 2 was prepared to examine the past age composition of immigrants. In the post-war years for which data were plotted, the age pattern of immigrants by selected age groups showed variations within a small range. Confining the study to the more recent period 1956-68, it might be observed that the variations in the annual proportions of male immigrants by five-year age groups to the total males did not exceed five percentage points. The age groups for which the proportions showed greater variations were 20-24 (5.0 percentage points) and 25-29 (3.7 percentage points). The proportions for all other age groups fluctuated within a range of 2.5 percentage points as shown in Table 8.

⁽³⁾ There is of course a subjective preference involved here in the choice of 3, 5, 7 and 10 years, and the study can be expanded to examine other averages based on 2, 4, 6, 8 years, etc.



Sources: Table A.3 and unpublished data.



A small variation in the age pattern was also generally true for female immigrants in this period. The age groups showing relatively wider variations included 20-24 (4.1 percentage points) and 0-4 (3.2 percentage points).

TABLE 8. Variations in the Age Composition of Immigrants by Five-Year Age Groups and Sex, 1956-68

(in percentage)

Age		Males	}			Females	
group	Minimum	Ма	ximum	Range	Minimum	Maximum	Range
0- 4 5- 9 10-14 15-19 20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49 50-54 55-59 60-64 65-69 70+	8.25 (1956) 7.85 (1960) 4.85 (1956) 6.41 (1967) 16.11 (1964) 16.28 (1961) 10.49 (1961) 6.91 (1968) 3.91 (1960) 2.19 (1963) 1.41 (1968) 0.84 (1957) 0.43 (1957) 0.34 (1957) 0.30 (1957)	10.60 8.88 6.92 8.61 21.11 20.02 13.02 8.35 4.81 3.65 2.56 1.67 1.30 1.31	(1966) (1966) (1961) (1959) (1956) (1957) (1957) (1957) (1964) (1959) (1959) (1959) (1961-1962) (1961) (1961)	2.35 1.03 2.07 2.20 5.00 3.74 2.53 1.44 0.90 1.46 1.15 0.83 0.87 0.97 1.02	7.43 (1961) 6.36 (1961) 5.16 (1962) 7.07 (1957) 18.66 (1957) 15.22 (1960) 9.02 (1968) 5.61 (1968) 3.35 (1960) 2.35 (1963) 1.91 (1967) 1.55 (1957) 1.22 (1957) 0.74 (1957) 0.69 (1957)	10.58 (1966) 9.21 (1957) 6.08 (1965) 8.71 (1962) 22.78 (1968) 17.20 (1967) 11.75 (1957) 7.36 (1957) 4.34 (1956) 3.68 (1959) 3.10 (1959) 2.63 (1959) 2.45 (1961) 1.80 (1962) 1.97 (1962)	3.15 2.85 0.92 1.64 4.12 1.98 2.73 1.75 0.99 1.33 1.19 1.08 1.23 1.06 1.28

Source: Based on Table A.3.

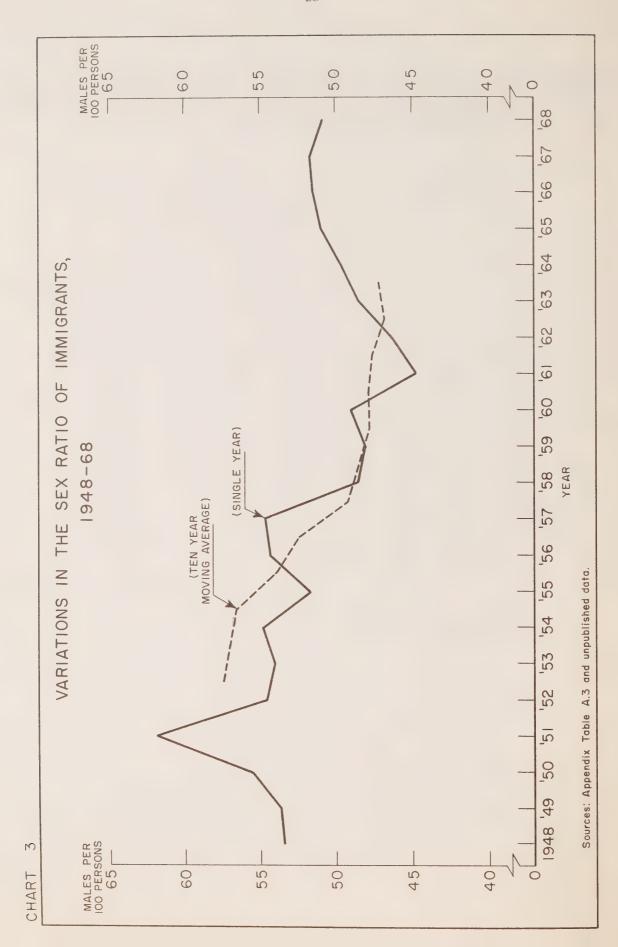
In the light of these past variations in age pattern which were small, it was considered here safe to assume a constant age structure, namely, the ten-year average chosen before for all immigrants in the coming years. This pattern (i.e., average for 1959-68) is presented in Table 9.

TABLE 9. Assumed Age-Sex Composition of Immigrants by Five-Year Age Groups through 1984

(number per 100,000 persons)

,176 ,948 ,758 ,969	4,607 3,903 2,808 4,096 0,470
,316 927 694 530 471 427	8,049 4,838 3,123 1,931 1,371 1,226 1,157 1,012 755 796
	694 530 471 427

Source: Based on Table A.2.



Besides the age pattern, the sex ratio of future immigrants must be projected. Chart 3 which presents the sex ratio among immigrants, showed wide fluctuations during 1948-68. In recent years, however, the fluctuations appeared to narrow, and the ten-year moving average drawn by a solid line in Chart 3 tended to approach gradually the mark of balance between the two sexes. It is most likely that this trend of about equal numbers of male and female immigrants may continue into the future. Hence, the sex ratio among future immigrants is assumed constant at the same level obtained by averaging the sex ratios for the same ten-year period 1959-68 that was adopted earlier to obtain the age pattern of future immigrants. This ratio is 49,858 males for 100,000 immigrants.

TABLE 10. Variations in the Sex Ratio (males per 100 persons) of Immigrants by Five-Year Age Groups During 1956-66

A	Actual ratios in the past				Projected	
Age group	Minimum		Maximum		Range	ratios
0- 4 5- 9 10-14 15-19 20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49 50-54 55-59 60-64 65-69	50.15 51.04 50.71 43.48 38.87 45.87 47.82 47.62 47.62 47.50 43.63 37.90 32.59 28.15 35.03	(1963) (1963) (1965-1966) (1961) (1961) (1961) (1961) (1961) (1961) (1961) (1962) (1956) (1956) (1959)	55.82 56.54 57.99 57.19 57.78 56.55 54.79 46.10 42.59 39.26	(1956) (1958) (1956) (1956) (1957) (1957) (1957) (1957) (1966) (1966) (1966) (1963)	1.69 1.61 2.13 12.34 17.67 12.12 9.37 10.16 9.05 11.16 8.20 10.00 11.11 4.59 2.83	51.43 51.69 51.22 47.85 46.14 53.19 54.21 54.22 53.13 48.98 43.06 37.49 34.37 38.42 34.91
70+	33.72 44.78	(1961)		(1957)	9.87	49.88

Source: Based on Table A.2.

5. <u>Distribution of Immigrants by Single Years of Age from</u> Five-Year Age Group Data

The age statistics for immigrants are published by the Department of Manpower and Immigration for calendar years in the standard five-year age groups, and consequently, Table 9 presents the proposed age-sex pattern of immigrants by age groups 0-4, 5-9, ... and 70†. The distribution of immigrants by single years of age up to 18 is obtained directly from tables of immigrants under 18 years of age by sex and year of birth that are made available to the Population Estimates and Projections (PEP) Section in order to prepare most accurate estimates of school population by single years of age. Subtracting the total for ages 15 to 18 from the total for the standard five-year age group 15 to 19, the figure for age 19 can also be easily obtained. Based on these recorded distributions of immigrants by single years of age and sex that are available in the worksheets relating to the current population estimates programme of the Section, the average pattern or percentage distribution within each five-year age group 0-4, 5-9, 10-14 and 15-19 was calculated for the period 1966 to 1968. These patterns within the five-year age groups by sex were then assumed to hold good for the future, and they were applied to the respective age group data of Table 9 so as to obtain single years of age distribution of future immigrants up to age 19 as shown in Table 11.

TABLE 11. Assumed Distribution of Immigrants by Single Years of Age and Sex through 1984

Age	Immigrants			
Age	Males	Females		
0	985	936		
1	1,032	977		
2	997	947		
3	964	911		
4	901	836		
0-4	4,879	4,607		
5	933	904		
6	902	854		
7	836	778		
8	786	717		
9	719	650		
5-9	4,176	3,903		
10	676	642		
11	622	595		
12	585	542		
13	541	518		
14	524	511		
10-14	2,948	2,808		
15	537	550		
16	595	623		
17	695	762		
18	855	945		
19	1,076	1,216		
15-19	3,758	4,096		
20	1,394	1,746		
21	1,736	1,973		
22	1,939	2,354		
23	1,947	2,250		
24	1,953	2,147		
20-24	8,969	10,470		

TABLE 11. Assumed Distribution of Immigrants by Single Years of Age and Sex through 1984 — Continued

A = =	Immigrants			
Age	Males	Females		
25	1,906 1,912 1,920 1,781 1,628	1,826 1,729 1,624 1,499 1,371		
25-29 30 31 32 33 34 30-34	9,147 1,378 1,247 1,118 1,034 951 5,728	1,183 1,058 9931 867 799 4,838		
35	884 805 731 669 610 3,699	747 680 610 566 520 3,123		
40 41 42 43 44 40-44	540 480 424 389 356 2,189	464 419 371 349 328 1,931		
45 46 47 48 49 45-49	319 286 252 237 222 1,316	309 286 264 259 253 1,371		

TABLE 11. Assumed Distribution of Immigrants by Single Years of Age and Sex through 1984 — Continued

Age	Immigrants		
nge	Males	Females	
50	212	253	
51	197	248	
52	182	243	
53	173	242	
54	163	240	
50-54	927	1,226	
55	154	238	
56	146	236	
57	136	233	
58	130	228	
59	128	222	
55-59	694	1,157	
60	116	224	
61	109	218	
52	104	211	
53	102	190	
54	99	169	
		1,012	
60-64	530	1,012	
55	105	176	
56	103	164	
67	96	151	
68	88	138	
59	79	126	
(5, (0)	471	755	
65-69	4/1	/ 55	
70	73	120	
71	65	110	
72	55	99	
73	49	89	
74	40	. 75	
70-74	282	493	
/ 0 = / 1	202		
75	33	62	
76	27	52	
77	22	45	
78	17	38	
79	13	31	
		222	
75-79	112	228	

TABLE 11. Assumed Distribution of Immigrants by Single Years of Age and Sex through 1984 — Concluded

A	Immigrants		
Age	Males	Females	
80 81 82 83 84	11 8 6 5 3 33	24 19 15 10 7 75	
85 86 87 88 89	- - - -	- - - -	
90+	- 49,858	- 50,142	

- Note: (i) Age groups 0 to 19: Single years of age distribution was based on the average percentage distributions within the respective five-year age groups 0-4, 5-9, 10-14, and 15-19 that were obtained for immigrants in the worksheets of the current population estimates for Canada prepared by the Population Estimates and Projections Section, Census Division, DBS for the period June 1, 1966 to June 1, 1968.
 - (ii) Age groups 20 to 64: Based on Method III. For details see text.
 - (iii) Age groups 65 and over: Age groups 65 and over were split into single years of age on the basis of the average percentage distributions within the respective five-year age groups that were obtained for immigrants in the worksheets of the current population estimates for Canada for the period June 1, 1966 to June 1, 1968.

Source: Based on Table 9.

For ages 20 and over, the above direct approach is not possible because of the non-availability of data and, therefore, an indirect method is called for to split five-year age group data into single years of age. In the previous projections, the Sprague's Multipliers were used to obtain single years of age distribution of immigrants (Illing, et al. 1967, p.9; George and Gnanasekaran, 1968, p.5). In theory, the application of the Sprague's Multipliers is meant for a closed population. For this reason, three alternative methods of deriving single age distribution from five-year age group data have been examined below for application to the immigrant population by five-year age groups and sex given in Table 9.

- 5.1 Method I: This is a graphical method and applied in the following manner. The five-year age group data (i.e. average for 1959-68)(4) were first cumulated to give population below ages 5, 10, 15, 20, etc. Secondly, using these cumulative population totals, an ascending ogive was drawn and the cumulative population below each age 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, etc. was read off from the curve. The population at single age was then obtained by differencing these cumulative totals for two successive ages.
- Method II: Given the five-year age group data for immigrants, this method assumes that the percentage composition by single years of age within the five-year age group is the same as a 'given' or 'standard' population for which single year age distribution is already available. Application of this technique is, for lack of another term, called the 'imputation method' in this study. For the present purpose, the population estimates of Canada for 1968 by single years of age and sex prepared by the PEP Section was adopted as the 'standard' population, and the data by five-year age groups in Table A.4 were distributed into single years of age by imputing the same age pattern that was obtained in the 1968 estimates within the appropriate quinquennial age groups by sex.
- 5.3 Method III: This method is based on linear interpolation and comprises two steps. First, one fifth of the five-year age group total was calculated and assumed to be the population of the middle age of the respective five-year age group. The population of the intervening ages (e.g. between ages 17 and 22) was then obtained by straight-line interpolation using the assumed population of two successive middle ages (i.e. 17 and 22). The totals of the interpolated values for single ages when grouped into the standard five-year age groups may not agree with the initial group totals given in Table A.4. Therefore, the second step was to pro-rate the interpolated values for single ages so as to add up to the initial group totals.

To evaluate and select one series of single age distribution, the results of the four methods (including the values based on the Sprague's Multipliers) are plotted on graphs for males and females separately. In Chart 4, the

⁽⁴⁾ In this section, the average for 1959-68 was based on provisional data on immigrants by five-year age groups and sex, and therefore the five-year group totals in Table 11 will slightly differ from the corresponding values in Table 9 which are revised to include the final figures for 1968. This will not however affect the conclusions in this section.

series based on Methods I and II showed considerable fluctuations, and at some ages, the direction of fluctuation differed substantially between the two methods (e.g., ages 29, 31, 38, etc.). To focus attention here on ages over 20 only, the graphical method yielded values that showed marked variations even at ages over, say, 40 for which the results of the three remaining methods were remarkably close. Fluctuations between ages 20 and 40 were too wide to justify on theoretical grounds, and therefore, the graphical method was ruled out.

Under the imputation method (Method II) the immigration was seen to attain its peak at ages 20 and 25. The sudden drop in the value for age 24 couldn't be easily explained from the point of immigration theory. The explanation perhaps lies in the methodology that might have overestimated the beginning (i.e. 20, 25) of the groups 20-24 and 25-29, respectively and underestimated the end age (i.e. 24). The choice of a suitable series, therefore, falls on Method III. Estimates by this method deviated less from the values under Method I and Method II (see Chart 4) which reinforces the choice of linear interpolation for distributing five-year group data into single years of age starting from 20. Hence, the series based on Method III was adopted for projections by single years of age.

Application of Method III was, however, not possible for the last five-year age group 65-69 and the terminal age group 70 and over. The single year age distribution for these two groups was based on the average pattern during 1966-68 that was obtained for immigrants in the worksheets of population estimates for Canada.(5)

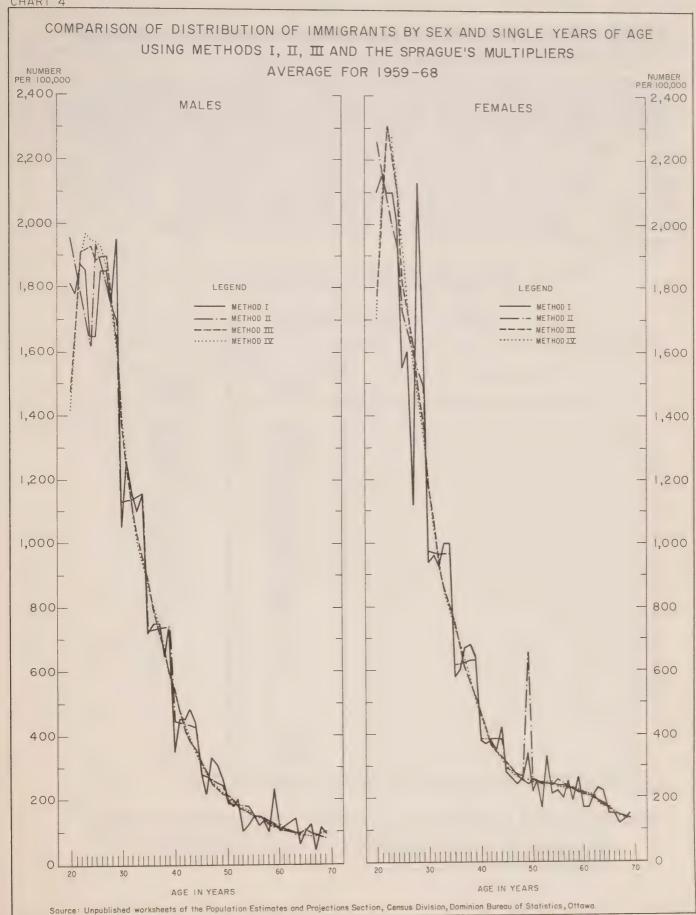
6. Age-Sex Structure of Emigrants

As pointed out earlier, emigration data are too limited to conduct the foregoing analyses and arrive at a satisfactory age-sex distribution. Usually, this variable constitutes the 'residual' group in most analyses and, therefore, carries various errors belonging to the data on other variables, namely, population, births, deaths and immigration statistics, and sometimes, to the methodology as well. Any direct, even though not exact, inference of the age-sex pattern of emigrants should rest on the annual immigration statistics compiled by the U.S.A.(6) No information on the age-sex composition of Canadian emigrants to countries other than U.S.A. is as yet readily available. In the circumstances it is assumed throughout this study that the age-sex composition of all emigrants from Canada would look the same as the age-sex pattern of the Canadian emigrants to U.S.A. for whom data are available.

The emigration stream from Canada to U.S.A. consists normally of (a) persons born in Canada, and (b) persons born outside and migrated to Canada. The immigration statistics of U.S.A. are published for the year ending June 30 by country/region

⁽⁵⁾ The procedure followed generally in the estimation programme is to base it on a graph or by Sprague's Multipliers.

⁽⁶⁾ The emigration from Canada to U.S.A. constituted about two thirds of the estimated total emigration in the past years.



of birth, age and sex. In the earlier projections the above data relating only to the Canadian born were used to obtain the age-sex structure of total emigrants.

From 1966, by a special and continuous arrangement with the US Department of Justice, the aforementioned age-sex classification had been obtained for all emigrants from Canada, that is, persons reporting Canada as their last permanent residence. Besides the complete coverage of emigrants in these special tables, the information is made available by five-year age groups and sex which is however not the case of published tables for the Canadian-born emigrants. For these two reasons, the new data though available only for a short period formed the basis for arriving at the age-sex distribution of emigrants. Table 12 presents the average age-sex composition of emigrants from July 1, 1966 to December 31, 1968 which is assumed for future emigrants from Canada to all countries including the U.S.A.

TABLE 12. Assumed Age-Sex Composition of Emigrants by Five-Year Age Groups through 1984

(number per 100,000 persons)

A	Emigrants						
Age group	Males	Females					
0- 4 5- 9 10-14 15-19 20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49 50-54 55-59 60-64 65-69 70-74 75-79 80-84 85-89 90-94 95+	6,365 5,053 3,532 2,689 3,601 6,436 6,097 4,861 3,199 2,143 1,397 939 539 429 287 131 51 22 6 2	5,985 5,069 3,447 3,596 8,881 7,240 5,105 3,826 2,755 1,846 1,480 1,072 721 523 357 201 84 21 9					
Total	47,779	52,221					

Note: Average for the period July 1, 1966 to December 31, 1968.

Source: Unpublished data provided periodically to the Population Estimates and Projections Section, Census Division, DBS by the United States Department of Justice, Immigration and Naturalization Service, Washington, D.C.

As in the case of immigrants, Method III was applied to distribute the five-year group data in Table 12 by single years of age. For ages below 20, the single age distribution was calculated on the basis of the average pattern estimated for emigrants in preparing current population estimates for 1966-68. Likewise, for the last five-year age group and the terminal age group, the single year age distribution was based on the average pattern as obtained within the respective five-year age groups for emigrants in the worksheets of population estimates for the period 1966-68. The results by sex and single ages are given in Table 13.

TABLE 13. Assumed Distribution of Emigrants by Single Years of Age and Sex through 1984

Age	Emigr	ants
	Males	Females
0	1,258	1,118
1	1,243	1,129
	1,302	1,208
2		· ·
3	1,300	1,253
4	1,262	1,277
0-4	6,365	5,985
5	1,052	1,122
6	1,034	1,088
7	1,016	1,032
8	990	955
9	961	872
5-9	5,053	5,069
10	863	765
11	783	710
12	692	666
-3	617	647
4	577	659
10-14	3,532	3,447
15	476	599
16	453	635
17	513	670
18	592	732
19	655	960
15-19	2,689	3,596
20	608	1,505
21	635	1,730
22	664	1,953
23	779	1,878
24	915	1,815
20-24	3,601	8,881
25	1,112	1,592
26	1,237	1,522
27	1,364	1,455
28	1,363	1,374
29	1,360	1,297
25-29	6,436	7,240

TABLE 13. Assumed Distribution of Emigrants by Single Years of Age and Sex through 1984 — Continued

Age	Emigrants							
	Males	Females						
)	1,253	1,152						
	1,253	1,078						
2	1,250							
		1,011						
	1,197	958						
	1,144	906						
30~34	6,097	5,105						
	1,088	864						
	1,034	808						
	980	760						
	914							
		716						
•••••••	845	678						
35-39	4,861	3,826						
	755	629						
	691	591						
	627	552						
	5 85	510						
	541	473						
40-44	3,199	2,755						
	5 03	435						
	461	394						
	421	352						
	392	340						
	366	325						
45-49	2,143	1,846						
	331	328						
	302	312						
	274	298						
	254	280						
	236	262						
		1,480						
50-54	1,397	1,400						
	228	248						
	206	230						
	183	210						
	168	198						
	154	186						
55-59	939	1,072						

TABLE 13. Assumed Distribution of Emigrants by Single Years of Age and Sex through 1984 — Continued

Age	Emigrants						
nge	Males	Females					
50	130 118	167 155 142					
52	102 97 92	133 124					
60-64	539	721					
55 66 57	96 90 85	133 115 98					
65-69	83 75 	92 85 ———————————————————————————————————					
70	68 63	76 74					
72	59 51 46	71 68 68					
70-74	287 32	357 54					
76	28 25 25 21	45 39 34 29					
75-79	131	201					
30	13 11 11	24 21 16					
80-84	9 7 ———————————————————————————————————	13 10 84					
35 36	9 6 4	9 6					
38	2 1	3 2 1					
85-89 90+	22 8	21 12					
Total	47,779	52,221					

TABLE 13. Assumed Distribution of Emigrants by Single Years of Age and Sex through 1984 - Concluded

Age	Emig	rants
	Males	Females

- Note: (i) Age groups 0 to 19: Single years of age distribution was based on the average percentage distributions within the respective five-year age groups 0-4, 5-9, 10-14, and 15-19 that were obtained for emigrants in the worksheets of the current population estimates for Canada prepared by the Population Estimates and Projections Section, Census Division, DBS for the period June 1, 1966 to June 1, 1968.
 - (ii) Age groups 20 to 64: Based on Method III. For details see text.
 - (iii) Age groups 65 and over: Age groups 65 and over were split into single years of age on the basis of the average percentage distributions within the respective five-year age groups that were obtained for emigrants in the worksheets of the current population estimates for Canada for the period June 1, 1966 to June 1, 1968.

Source: Based on Table 12.

7. Projection Results

7.1 Immigration Projections

Four main assumptions of immigration to Canada are postulated earlier in Table 4. These are respectively a direct inflow of 200,000; 160,000; 120,000 and 80,000 persons each year from 1969 to 1984. Further it was assumed that, following the year of arrival, the future mortality and fertility among immigrants would be the same as those projected for the resident population. In regard to fertility four assumptions - low, medium, intermediate and high - were made (Romaniuk, 1969): Low fertility implied a slight decline in total fertility(7) from 2.41 children in 1969 to 2.27 in 1984 while the medium fertility involved a constant level of about 2.40-2.42 children during the projection period. Both the intermediate and the high fertility assumptions denoted a rising trend in total fertility. Under the intermediate assumption, the total fertility of 2.41 children in 1969 was projected to increase to 2.58 children in 1984 and, under the high assumption to 2.82 children in 1984.

Mortality decline in future is not expected to be great and therefore, a single assumption of slightly declining mortality was adopted in these projections. (Zayachkowski, 1969). Based on these assumptions regarding both the direct and indirect contributions of immigration, the projections were prepared using the component method. Table 14 presents the results of selected four projections for a period of fifteen years.

⁽⁷⁾ The total fertility rate is the number of children a woman will bear if she lives to the end of her childbearing period. It is calculated by summing the age specific-fertility rates (i.e., number of births per woman at each age in a given year) of women 15 to 49 years.

TABLE 14. Cumulative Projections of Immigration to Canada, 1969-84

		Cumulative g	ain due to a gr	oss immigration	in each year			
	Projection	200,000	160,000	120,000	80,000			
Period	period in	persons	persons	persons	persons			
	years	(High	(Medium	(Medium	(Low			
		fertility)	fertility)	fertility)	fertility)			
		Assumption 1	Assumption 2	Assumption 3	Assumption 4			
1969-70	1	199,751	159,790	119,842	79,891			
1969-71	2	406,102	324,760	243,601	162,341			
1969-72	3	619,319	494,961	371,375	247,334			
1969-73	4	839,493	670,320	503,173	334,796			
1969-74	5	1,066,536	850,659	638,919	424,610			
1969-79	10	2,292,672	1,817,146	1,369,268	904,178			
1969-84	15	3,637,855	2,866,042	2,165,213	1,422,440			
	А	as per cent of	the base popula	tion (i.e. 1969)	(1)			
1969-70	1	0.95	0.76	0.57	0.38			
1969-71	2	1.92	1.54	1.15	0.77			
1969-72	3	2.94	2.35	1.76	1.17			
1969-73	4	3.98	3.18	2.39	1.59			
1969-74	5	5.06	4.03	3.03	2.01			
1969-79	10	10.87	8.61	6.49	4.29			
1969-84	15	17.24	13.59	10.26	6.74			

⁽¹⁾ The population in the base year 1969 was estimated to be 21,061,000.

Note: In the present programme, it was assumed that the immigrants would not bear any children during the year of their arrival and that they would be exposed on average to six months of mortality.

Sources: Tables B.1 and unpublished worksheets.

Assuming a gross inflow of 200,000 persons each year, the cumulative addition of immigration to future population in, say, five years from 1969 will be about 1,067,000 persons or in relative terms, 5.1 per cent of the base population. The increase over and above the total inflow in five years of 67,000 (1,067,000 - (200.5)) may be noted here as the indirect contribution in five years (i.e., births minus deaths among the immigrants). Over the entire projection period of fifteen years, the total contribution of immigration according to Assumption 1 (i.e., gross immigration of 200,000 persons per year) will approximate 3,638,000 persons.

According to Assumption 2, i.e., a gross immigration of 160,000 persons a year, the total contribution to future population increase is expected to be 851,000 during the five years (1969 to 1974) and 2,866,000 during the fifteen years (1969 to 1984). The contributions, under other assumptions (namely, 120,000 and 80,000 immigrants a year) are indicated in the last two columns of Table 14.

7.2 Emigration Projections

Only one assumption was made in this study with regard to emigration viz., 60,000 persons each year. The cumulative losses according to this assumption are given in Table 15 for different periods. These projections in Table 15 differ only in respect to the future level of fertility among emigrants which is assumed, as in the case of immigrants, to be the same as that projected for the base population.

TABLE 15. Cumulative Projections of Emigration from Canada, 1969-84

		Cumulative	loss due to a g	ross emigration	in each year									
	Projection	60,000	60,000	60,000	60,000									
Period	period in	persons	persons	persons	persons									
	years	(High	(Medium	(Medium	(Low									
		fertility)	fertility)	fertility)	fertility)									
		Assumption 1	Assumption 2	Assumption 3	Assumption 4									
4060														
1969-70	1	59,921	59,921	59,921	59,921									
1969-71	2	121,599	121,567	121,567	121,544									
1969-72	3	185,082	184,932	184,932	184,836									
1969-73	4	250,393	249,993	249,993	249,753									
1969-74	5	317,494	316,676	316,676 316,20										
1969-79	10	677,181	671,485	671,485	668,547									
1969-84	15	1,071,135	1,055,345	1,055,345	1,047,915									
	As per cent of the base population (i.e. 1969)(
1969-70	1	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28									
1969-71	2	0.58	0.58	0.58	0.58									
1969-72	3	0.88	0.88	0.88	0.88									
1969-73	4	1.19	1.18	1.19	1.18									
1969-74	5	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50									
1969-79	10	3.21	3.18	3.20	3.17									
1969-84	15	5.08	5.00	5.04	4.97									
(1)														

(1) The population in the base year 1969 was estimated to be 21,061,000. Note: See Table 14.

Sources: Table B.2 and unpublished worksheets.

During a span of five years, the cumulative loss resulting from a gross emigration of 60,000 persons a year will be approximately 317,000 or about 1.2 per cent of the population in 1969. The loss over the entire projection period is expected to vary from 1,048,000 to 1,071,000 depending upon the future level of fertility.

7.3 Projections of Net Migration

In order to assess the net effect of future migration, Table 16 was derived by subtracting the emigration projections in Table 15 from the immigration projections in Table 14. The net contribution which is indeed postulated to be positive throughout the projection period under all four assumptions, will amount in five years (i.e., 1969 to 1974) to about 534,000 under the assumptions of medium fertility and a net migration of 100,000 persons per year (i.e., 160,000 immigrants minus 60,000 emigrants in a year). This will mean an increase in five years of 2.5 per cent of the population in the base year 1969 or less than one-half of a per cent of the population in each year.

The cumulative net gain under the assumption of a larger volume of net inflow, namely, 140,000 persons per year (i.e., 200,000 immigrants minus 60,000 emigrants), will be 749,000 people(8) or 3.6 per cent of the population in the base year. The net addition that is expected according to the assumption of 20,000 a year (i.e., 80,000 immigrants minus 60,000 emigrants) will be roughly 108,000 persons in five years. This gain in five years will amount to just one-half of a per cent of the population in 1969.

⁽⁸⁾ A part of this increased addition is due to the high fertility level that is assumed in these projections.

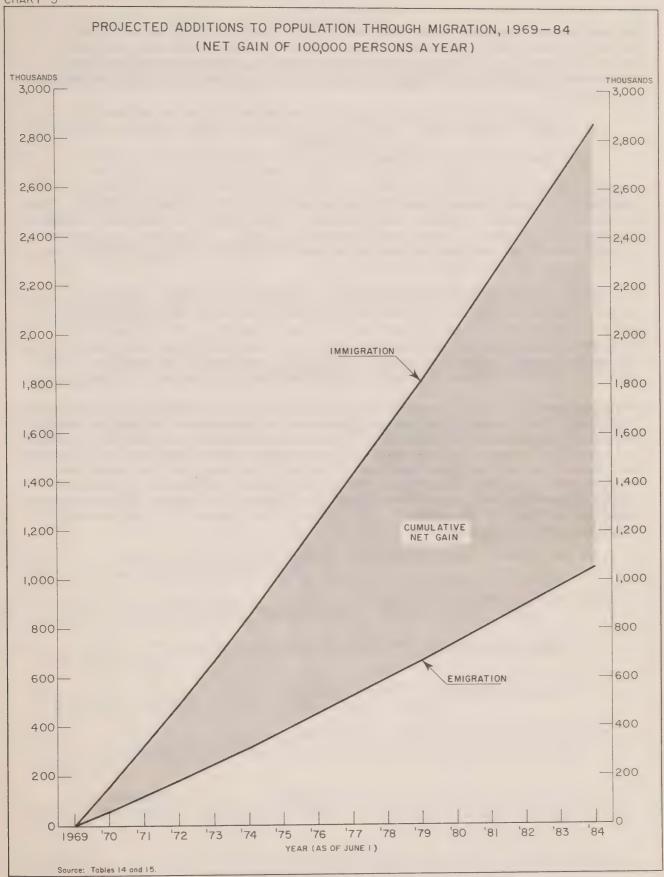
TABLE 16. Net Additions to Population from Projected Immigration to and Emigration from Canada, 1969-84

		Cumulative	net addition	s to populati	on assuming
	D .	High	Medium	Medium	Low
	Projec-	fertility	fertility	fertility	fertility
D 1	tion	and net	and net	and net	and net
Period	period in	immigration	immigration	immigration	immigration
		of 140,000	of 100,000	of 60,000	of 20,000
	years	persons	persons	persons	persons
		a year	a year	a year	a year
		(Series A)	(Series B)	(Series C)	(Series D)
1969-70	1	139,830	99,869	59,921	19,970
1969-71	2	284,503	203,193	122,034	40,797
1969-72	3	434,237	310,029	186,443	62,498
1969-73	4	589,100	420,327	253,180	85,043
1969-74	5	749,042	533,983	322,243	108,401
1969-79	10	1,615,491	1,415,661	697,783	235,631
1969-84	15	2,566,720	1,810,697	1,109,868	373,525
	As	per cent of t	the base popul	ation (i.e. 1	969)(1)
1969-70	1	0.67	0.48	0.29	0.10
1969-71	2	1.34	0.96	0.57	0.19
1969-72	3	2.06	1.47	0.88	0.29
1969-73	4	2.79	2.00	1.20	0.41
1969-74	5	3.56	2.53	1.53	0.51
1969-79	10	7.66	5,43	3.29	1.21
1969-84	15	12.16	8.59	5.22	1.77

⁽¹⁾ The population in the base year 1969 was estimated to be 21,061,000.

Note: These net additions are included in the national population projection Series A, B, C, and D, respectively. See: "The Population Projections for Canada, 1969-84." Analytical and Technical Memorandum No. 4, Census Division, DBS, Ottawa: April 1970.

Sources: Based on Tables 14 and 15.



The projections indicate about the same trends over the long terms, namely ten and fifteen years. In brief, under all four assumptions, the net contribution of migration to future population change is seen to constitute less than three fourths of a per cent of the population in any given year between 1969 and 1984.

8. Conclusion

Migration studies addressed to the specific goal of making projections are few because of its negligible impact on demographic trends in most countries. This is not true of Canada and, in fact judging by past trends, migration is a very significant component of population change in a year. Therefore, projections of immigration and emigration have close bearing on the accuracy and quality of population projections for Canada.

This study was specifically undertaken to aid the preparation of population projections for Canada and in several respects, the scope was dovetailed to the present DBS projections programme. It was, however, a modest effort in this most hazardous field and in the course of its completion, many theoretical and methodological questions emerged to which answers were not readily available nor sought immediately in view of limitations of data and resources.

The questions are: What factors determine the volume of immigration and emigration in a given period? Do these factors operate ex post or ex ante? Further, are they exogeneous or endogeneous? What are the differentials in the fertility and mortality patterns of the migrants? Answers to these questions will require many basic studies and sometimes even joint work by the principal receiving (e.g. U.S.A.) and/or losing (e.g. U.K., Italy, etc.) countries, with focus on the preparation of immigration/emigration projections. Much of the improvements in the quality of population projections for Canada will lie in the progress of such studies.

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APPENDIX A

Migration Statistics

TABLE A.1 Immigration to and Emigration from Canada, 1946-68

Year	Immigrants	Emigrants
1946	71,719	45,000
1947	64,127	48,500
1948	125,414	48,800
1949	95,217	48,500
1950	73,912	43,900
1951	194,391	47,900
1952	164,498	55,400
1953	168,868	58,200
1954	154,227	57,700
1955	109,946	57,700
1956	164,857	67,100
1957	282,164	68,900
1958	124,851	70,600
1959	106,928	61,500
1960	104,111	73,300
1961	71,689	73,600
1962	74,586	73,900
1963	93,151	76,800
1964	112,606	77,100
1965	146,758	81,200
1966	194,743	68,800
1967	222,876	62,800
1968	183,974	73,000

Source: Immigration statistics are from the Department of Manpower and Immigration (Immigration Division), Immigration Statistics, 1956 to 1968 and relate to calendar years. Figures for emigrants are estimates used in the current population estimates for Canada prepared at the Population Estimates and Projections Section, Census Division, DBS and relate to census years from June 1 to May 31.

TABLE A.2 Immigrants to Canada by Five-Year Age Groups and Sex, 1956-68

																		- 5	+ ==	,																		1	1	
1968	1	8,490	TCC 6 /	4,945	6,766	18,714	18,277	10,823	6 1.65	0,100	07/15	2,264	1,316	1,174	1,186	984	822	93,503		7.840	070	0,010	4,756	806,9	20,612	15,219	8,166	5.079	3,363	0 330	4,000	1,893	2,128	2,089	1,563	1,568		90,471	183,974	
1967		10,997	7,438	6,166	7,380	21,976	23,059	13,906	0 700	0,000	7,707	2,918	1,824	1,400	1,032	874	723	115,158		10 367	10,00	0,00	7,8/4	8,153	23,744	18,539	10,471	6,406	4,000	2 7 2 8	07/67	60,7	2,125	1,732	1,285	1,376		107,718	222,876	
1966		10,639	8,917	5,839	7,068	17,474	18,328	11,524	717 7	0,1,1	4,824	2,593	1,722	1,311	917	756	681	100,349		0 001	0,00 L	0,2/0	2,6/2	7,645	18,738	14,959	9,171	5,925	2000	2000	2,300	2,013	1,767	1,419	1,185	1,278		94,394	194,743	
1965		7,873	6,593	4,511	5,889	12,377	13,375	8,585	0,000	0,000	3,510	1,768	1,407	1,057	755	708	637	74,707		7 425	0000	6,039	4,384	6,152	13,466	11,286	6,949	4,636	2 902	1007	1,700	1,/34	1,630	1,419	1,100	1,141		72,051	146,758	
1964		5,760	4,/16	3,510	4,463	8,996	9,977	6.430	, ,	4,213	7,000	1,378	1,064	868	616	587	559	55,825		206	0,000	4,384	3,382	4,847	10,829	8,835	5,521	2,673	0,00,0	2,0/±	1,3/3	1,503	1,424	1,299	924	1,020		56,781	112,606	
1963		4,364	3,619	2,735	3,592	7,585	8,338	5,329	1 1 1	3,541	2,0/0	988	818	049	526	538	480	45,163		7, 238	4,330	3,4/1	2,521	4,102	9,714	7,743	4,756	3 061	1 954	1000	1,120	1,222	1,204	1,041	820	913		47,988	93,151	
1962		3,408	2,860	2,181	2,899	5,821	5 944	0000	1,1	7,0,7	1,459	904	775	498	450	426	455	34,546		0000	3,230	2,/38	2,067	3,490	8,396	6.245	3,928	2 615	1,017	7,7,7	1,109	1,073	1,030	976	722	790		40,040	74,586	
1961		3,167	2,756	2,221	2,610	5,572	5,228	2,750	0000	2,323	1,367	626	747	504	418	420	425	32,106		670 6	2,942	2,516	2,123	3,393	8,763	6,169	3,676	2,000	1,00,1	1,011	1,265	1,224	1,023	970	700	753		39,583	71,689	
1960		4,471	4,005	3,149	4,181	9,966	8 956	7,70	0000	3,726	1,994	1,592	1,173	779	509	757	414	51,018		7. 220	4,3/0	3,809	2,926	4,401	11,507	8,085	7 238	3 7,27,	7,124	1,700	1,705	1,630	1,381	1,169	805	803		53,093	104,111	
1959		4,821	4,312	3,398	4,433	9,139	8 470	7,1,0	0,00	3, //1	2,084	1,880	1,316	860	541	7 2 2	407	51,476		700	4,504	4,051	3,120	4,619	11,535	8,473	5,773	7000	000,0	2,000	2,043	1,722	1,458	1,159	801	800		55,452	106,928	
1958		5,651	5,123	3,825	5,192	11,307	10 363	6 538	00000	4,302	2,449	2,095	1,369	938	547	967	435	60,630		0 0	5,368	4,802	3,414	5,484	13,626	0.910	7,7,7	7, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	7, 1	2,500	7,162	1,901	1,585	1,290	881	821		64,221	124,851	
1957		13,524	12,620	8,193	10,882	29,898	20 228	20,000	760,07	12,892	6,907	4,602	2,331	1,298	999	500	757	154,226			17,661	11,794	7,594	6,047	23,894	21,242	15 046	0,00	0000	0,200	3,/98	2,759	1,982	1,557	676	888		127,938	282,164	
1956		7,396	7,135	4,348	7,270	18,918	17 201	17,321	101,11	6,344	3,977	2,417	1,403	773	400	360	363	89,541		L	6,954	6,418	3,962	5,754	14,540	12 737	12°10'	7,007	7000	5,209	2,419	1,864	1,289	1,021	664	969		75,316	164,857	
Age group	Males	7 -0	5- 9	10-14	01:1	70-06			30-34	35-39	***************************************	67-27	75-08	יון וער ער ע			102	All ages		Females	1	5- 9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-20		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				50~54	55-59	79-09	62-69	70-1		All ages	Both sexes	

TABLE A.3 Percentage Composition of Immigrants to Canada by Five-Year Age Groups and Sex, 1956-68

1968	9.08 8.07 5.29 7.23 20.01 19.54 11.57 6.91 6.91 1.26 1.27 1.27 1.05	8.66 7.68 7.68 5.26 7.63 22.78 16.82 9.02 9.02 5.61 5.61 1.73 1.73 1.73
1967	9.55 8.19 8.19 6.41 10.04 12.07 7.36 7.36 7.36 0.90 0.90	9.62 8.22 8.22 8.22 17.57 17.20 9.72 9.72 9.72 1.91 1.91 1.91 1.91 1.10 1.00
1966	10.60 8.88 5.82 7.04 17.40 11.48 11.48 7.72 7.72 7.72 11.72 1.72 1.72 0.58	100.00 10.58 8.87 6.01 8.10 19.84 15.84 16.00 17.86 17.8
1965	10.53 8.82 6.04 7.88 16.56 17.90 11.49 7.57 4.70 2.37 4.70 1.88 1.41 1.01 0.95	100.00 8.38 6.08 8.53 18.68 15.65 9.64 6.43 4.03 2.41 2.26 1.97 1.97
1964	10.32 8.45 6.29 7.99 16.11 17.87 11.52 7.55 4.81 2.47 1.91 1.91 1.91 1.05	100.00 9.50 7.72 5.96 8.54 19.07 15.56 9.72 6.40 4.18 2.42 2.65 2.29 1.63 1.80
1963	9.66 8.01 6.06 7.95 16.79 18.46 11.80 7.84 4.58 2.19 1.42 1.42 1.16	9.04 7.23 8.54 20.23 16.13 9.38 4.07 2.35 2.55 2.51 1.90
1962	9.86 8.28 6.31 6.31 11.26 11.26 7.45 4.22 2.62 2.62 2.62 1.33 1.23	8.09 6.84 5.16 8.71 20.96 15.59 9.81 6.53 3.93 2.68 2.57 2.64 1.80
1961	9.86 8.58 8.92 8.92 17.35 16.28 10.49 7.23 4.26 3.05 1.33 1.33	7.43 6.36 5.36 8.57 22.14 15.58 9.29 6.45 3.09 3.09 2.58 2.45 1.77 1.90
1960	8.76 7.85 6.17 8.19 19.53 17.55 11.11 7.30 3.91 3.91 1.53 1.53 1.53 0.85	8.23 7.17 5.51 8.29 21.67 15.22 9.86 6.45 3.35 3.37 2.60 2.20 1.52 1.51
1959	9.36 8.37 6.60 8.37 17.75 16.45 10.45 10.38 7.32 7.32 7.32 1.67 1.05	8.12 7.30 5.63 8.33 20.80 15.28 10.05 6.47 3.62 3.68 3.10 2.09 1.44 1.44
1958	9,32 8,45 6,31 8,56 17,09 10,78 7,09 4,04 4,04 3,45 2,26 1,55 0,90 0,90	8.36 7.48 5.32 8.54 21.22 15.43 10.14 6.47 3.37 2.96 2.47 2.01 1.37 1.28
1957	8.76 8.18 5.31 7.05 19.00 13.02 8.35 4.48 2.98 1.51 0.43 0.34	9.89 9.21 5.93 7.07 18.66 16.59 11.75 7.36 4.15 2.15 1.22 0.74 0.69
1956	8.25 7.96 4.85 8.11 21.11 19.33 12.40 7.08 7.44 2.70 1.57 0.86 0.45	9.23 8.52 5.26 7.64 19.30 11.72 6.50 4.34 3.21 2.47 1.71 1.35 0.92
Age group	Males 0-4 5-9 10-14 15-19 20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49 50-54 55-59 60-64 70+	Females 0-4 0-4 15-19 15-19 20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49 50-54 55-59 60-64 65-69 Total

Note: Figures will not add exactly to 100.00 Source: Based on Table A.2.

TABLE A.4 Average Age-Sex Composition of Immigrants During 1959-68 (number per 100,000 persons)

Age group	Males	Females
0- 4 5- 9 10-14 15-19 20-24 25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49 50-54 55-59 60-64 65-69 70+	4,954 4,167 2,961 3,815 8,914 9,069 5,699 3,670 2,183 1,305 929 688 515 459 418	4,714 3,912 2,840 4,217 10,419 8,028 4,839 3,121 1,924 1,365 1,225 1,143 987 738 782
Total	49,746	50,254

Note: The ten-year average in this table was calculated by using the provisional statistics on immigration by five-year age groups and sex, for 1968 and therefore would differ from the figures given in Table 9 which were based on <u>final</u> figures for 1968.

Sources: Table A.2 and provisional unpublished immigration data by five-year age groups and sex for 1968.

APPENDIX B

Migration Projections

TABLE B.1 Gumulative Projections(1) of Immigration to Canada by Age and Sex through 1984 Medium Fertility and Gross Immigration of 160,000 Persons a Year

																						58																			_	
1984		34,257	34,135	33,962	33,674	33,198	32,668	31.971	31 039	20,000	28,501	700,00	26,897	25,091	23,155	21,131	19,110	18,399	17,700	17,214	17,035	17,308	18,037	19,360	21,109	22,949	44,904	154,391	100,329	112 590	68,274	61 979	25.497	17,083	12,339			16.545				1,433,351
1983		32,566	32,397	32,158	31,778	31,196	30,545	29.716	22,72	27 364	706 30	170667	24,108	22,231	20,275	18,284	17,554	16,763	16,119	15,685	15,607	15,830	16,609	18,037	19,867	21,814	23,838	149,972	179,091	151,502	60.245	0 0 0	20,230	15,471	11, 298		,	15 104	10160			1,325,613
1982		30,825	30,592	30,261	29,775	29,071	28.290	27 320	26,12	27, 680	22,003	72,030	21,246	19,348	17,426	16,726	15,916	15,181	14,589	14,255	14,126	14,400	15,284	16,793	18,730	20,746	75,857	145,594	170,050	136,300	52,885	1 (20,122	13 972	10,305	0		13 703	10,100			1,219,124
1981		29,016	28,694	28,256	27,649	26,815	25.892	20, 705	27,700	23,440	750,17	20,1/3	18,362	16,498	15,868	15,088	14,333	13,649	13,157	12,773	12,695	13,074	14,038	15,655	17,661	19,764	21,933	141,042	159,052	121,239	75,620	0 0	17 020	17,630	0 350	2000		1.0 3/10	14,040			1,113,967
1980		27,113	26,687	26,129	25,391	24,415	23,365	20,000	22,117	20,049	19,032	17,288	15,511	14,939	14,229	13,503	12,800	12,216	11,674	11,340	11,367	11,826	12,899	14,584	16,677	18,839	21,079	135,990	146,316	106,352	30,611	00000	23,909	13,732	2 7.56	ort 'o		31,028	000,11	_	+	1,010,222
1979		25,102	24,558	23,869	22,990	21,887	20 686	10,000	19,522	17,783	16,146	14,436	13,951	13,299	12,644	11,970	11,366	10,732	10,239	10,011	10,118	10,685	11,826	13,598	15,751	17,983	20,251	130,065	132,180	91,954	56,649	24,102	20,656	13,821	7,900	00001		0 170	9,775			908,006
1978		22,969	22,296	21,466	20,460	19,206	17 800	10,000	10,404	14,896	13,292	12,875	12,310	11,713	11,110	10,535	9,881	9.296	8,909	8,760	8,975	9,611	10,839	12,671	14,894	17,155	19,403	122,779	117,214	78,368	48,449	0/6,07	17,677	12,056	8,732	04/60		r c	α,υ4/			807 432
1977		20,701	19,891	18,934	17,77	16,408	15,000	12,020	13,000	12,040	11,731	11,234	10,724	10,179	9,674	760,6	8,444	7.964	7,657	7,616	7,900	8,622	9.910	11,813	14,064	16,305	18,461	113,683	101,948	65,813	40,929	0/7 647	14,982	10,413	7,612	5,945		1	1,303			208 67.0
1976		18,291	17,357	16,249	14.977	13,537	10 100	12,130	10,/08	10,478	10,089	9,646	9,188	8,743	8,187	7,611	7,111	6.711	6,512	6,540	6,910	7,692	9,051	10,982	13,213	15,362	17,361	102,607	86,691	54,509	34,007	20,044	12,538	8,861	6,524	5,1/3		0	0,220			611 810
1975		15,750	14,669	13,447	12,104	10,644	, 0	7/76	9,146	8,836	8,501	8,110	7,751	7,255	6,749	6,277	5,857	5.565	5,434	5,549	5,979	6,832	8.218	10,129	12,269	14,260	16,006	89,783	71,675	44,371	27,647	16,236	10,316	7,393	5,485	4,422		L C	5,125			130 713
1974		13,056	11,864	10,572	010	7.784	1 .	7,708	7,502	7,247	496,9	6,673	6,263	5,816	5,414	5,022	4,710	787 7	4, 443	4.617	5,117	5,998	7.365	9, 183	11,165	12,903	14,298	75,551	57,153	35,292	21,813	12,814	8,290	6,003	4,483	3,696		6	4,082	_		1,0% EE0
1973	2104	10,244	8,986	7.675	6 347	6.219		6,063	5,912	5,709	5,526	5,183	4,823	4,480	4, 159	3,875	3,631	3 494	2,500	3,754	4, 283	5,143	6 418	8,078	9,806	11,192	12,083	60,481	43,449	26,987	16,511	9,728	6,419	4,689	3,518	2,970	-		3,109			00% 7.50
1972	2177	7, 358	6.087	4 810	1904	4, 573	1 1	4,4/2	4,374	4,270	4,036	3,743	3.487	3,225	3,011	2,795	2,638	2 560	2,500	2,040	3,427	4,195	5 310	6.716	8,092	8,974	9,320	45,109	30,787	19,370	11,710	6,936	4,676	3,437	2,595	2,232			2,213			700 370
1971	1777	057 7	3 210	2 2 2 2 3	7010	2, 134	1 0	2,933	2,934	2,779	2,595	2,407	2.231	2,076	1.930	1.801	1,703	1 606	1 800	2 062	2,002	3,086	2 0/17	5,00	5,871	6,207	6,230	29,746	19,384	12,357	7,385	4,402	3,032	2,243	1,702	1,488			1,397			161 000
1970	12/0	7 574	1,000	1 504	1,979 F	1,541	1 1 1	1,493	1,443	1,338	1,258	1,150	1.082	1005	936	9998	838	0	0 0 0	1 111	1 367	1,721	8000	2,22,2	3,100	3,113	3,123	14,625	9,159	5,913	3,497	2,101	1,477	1,100	838	739			099			70 650
Age group					7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		5							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		7		T		18	10	•			23	24	25-29		35-39	40-44	64-54	50-54	55-59	79-09	69-59	(47-07	(() 78-08	85-89	<u></u>	

TABLE B.1 Cumulative Projections(1) of Immigration to Canada by Age and Sex through 1984 Medium Fertility and Gross Immigration of 160,000 Persons a Year - Concluded

								Females	S						
Age group	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984
		000	000	277	19 7.99	17, 087	17 404	19 696	21,852	23,881	25,793	27,599	29,315	30,967	32,571
	1,490	4,232	7,000	0,740	11 283	13 054	16 513	18,925	21,213	23,365	25,390	27,298	29,100	30,814	32,462
	195,1	3,033	7, 565	0,040	10,050	12,22	15.456	18.013	20,423	22,709	24,860	26,883	28,789	30,591	32,303
2	1,514	5,0/4	7,000	6,010	8 744	11,501	14,236	16,903	19,459	21,867	24,152	26,300	28,322	30,228	32,028
	1,430	2,794	4,307	5,865	7,353	10,077	12,832	15,566	18,231	20,785	23,192	25,475	27,623	29,643	31,548
1	1,000	2317			0 00	201	012	17. 272	17 005	19 669	22 222	24.627	26,909	29,056	31,076
	1,447	2,784	4,240	5,751	7,308	8,796	11,519	14,2/2	15,000	10 262	27,22	23,52	25,982	28, 264	30,409
9	1,366	2,812	4,148	5,603	7,115	8,671	10,158	12,8/9	12,031	10,000	10 601	22,27	24 813	27.217	29,498
	1,245	2,610	4,055	5,391	6,846	8,356	9,912	11,399	14,119	10,0/0	10,001	202,22	23,72	25.952	28,355
8	1,147	2,391	3,756	5,201	6,536	7,990	9,500	10,020	12,342	13,201	16,011	19.046	21,775	24,435	26,985
	1,040	2,186	3,430	4,795	6,239	4/0,/	9,020	10,337	14,074	27,57	100			1	L .
9	1,027	2.066	3.213	4,456	5,820	7,264	8,599	10,052	11,562	13,116	14,602	17,319	20,068	22, 796	25,456
	1,027	1.978	3.018	4,164	5,407	6,770	8,214	9,549	11,002	12,510	14,065	15,550	18,267	21,015	23,743
	200	1.818	2.845	3,884	5,029	6,272	7,636	6,079	10,413	11,866	13,374	14,928	16,413	19,129	21,8//
	820	1,696	2,647	3 673	4.712	5.857	7,100	8,462	9,905	11,239	12,691	14,200	15,753	17,237	19,953
17	818	1.646	2.512	3,464	4,490	5,528	6,673	7,915	9,278	10,720	12,053	13,505	15,013	16,566	18,050
	2	200			070	0,00	707 7	7 550	8 702	10 154	11.596	12.929	14,381	15,888	17,440
15	880	1,697	2,526	3,392	4,342	2,368	0,400	7,000	8 5/1/4	0 786	11.147	12,589	13,921	15,372	16,879
16	266	1,876	2,693	3,521	4,38/	5,338	0,303	7,400	0,0	0,700	11 000	12,361	13,802	15,134	16,584
17	1,219	2,215	3,094	3,911	4,739	5,004	7 112	8 063	0,010	10,123	11,267	12,507	13,867	15,308	16,639
18	1,512	2,730	3,720	4,604	7,421	7 364	8 101	0,000	10.004	11,028	12,064	13,207	14,447	15,807	17,246
19	1,946	3,400	4,0,4	2,009	0,740	1,304	0,171				0.00	11. 050	16 00%	17 924	18 593
20	2,793	4,738	6,248	7,465	8,460	9,338	10,154	10,980	11,844	12,793	13,816	14,832	10,994	10,734	20,23
21	3,156	5,948	7,892	9,401	10,618	11,612	12,490	13,305	14,131	14,990	10,943	10,300	20,001	21,757	22,322
22	3,765	6,920	9,710	11,653	13,161	14,377	15,371	16,248	17,063	17,889	18,732	22,700	23,723	24,121	25,345
23	3,599	7,362	10,515	13,304	15,245	16,753	17,969	18,962	19,839	20,653	27, 076	245,342	25,203	26,710	27,732
24	3,434	7,031	10,792	13,943	16,730	18,671	20,178	21,393	75,386	797,57	0/0,47	706,47	77,101	24.607	1000
	10 872	26 979	72 67	58.732	75.566	92,265	107,471	120,593	131,170	139,595	146,115	151,510	156,225	160,588	164,907
25-27	727 7	16 383	26 034	36, 781	48, 591	61,419	75,474	717	107,114	123,890	140,531	155,683	168,757	179,299	187,697
30-34	7,730	10 425	16.334	22,747	29,755	37,456	46,058	55,660	66,353	78,107	90,870	104,857	120,024	136,341	153,036
	3 084	6 472	10,199	14,303	18,813	23,769	29,162	35,022	41,388	48,343	55,985	64,523	74,053	84,667	96,331
67-47	2,189	4,493	6,935	9,539	12,349	15,398	18,744	22,426	26,479	30,936	35,832	41,159	46,952	53,240	60,113
	1	2000	010	7 026	0 001	12,139	14.397	16.790	19,345	22,101	25,091	28,372	31,985	35,961	40,332
50-54	1,95/	3,920	5,573	7.445	9.327	11,224	13,135	15,060	17,012	19,015	21,099	23,290	25,611	28,091	30,764
25-59	1,040	2 283	1000	6.735	8.484	10,240	12,011	13,793	15,578	17,371	19,180	20,999	22,838	24,698	26,610
00000	1,000	2,438	3,739	5,113	6,549	8,039	9,592	11,184	12,792	14,413	16,043	17,685	19,336	20,991	22,652
	17767		()												
70-74															
75-79	1 244	2.630	4.157	5,838	7,676	9,670	11,800	14,080	16,523	19,130	21,886	24,778	27,801	30,946	34,202
400000000000000000000000000000000000000															
+06															
			.00	1	300 307	510 677	613 413	710 162	ROB 787	909.142	1.011.101	1,114,522	1,219,315	1,325,396	1,432,699
All ages	80,131	162,816	248,081	335,869	470,100	710,016	017,417	110,104	, ,	1					
					000	1		a work of court	4 134- (23)	of 11 constitution		Conto pinos	among immigrants since 1969, and (iii) the survivors	iii) the cum	rivors

(1) Figures include (i) the assumed gross immigration of 160,000 persons each year after allowance for mortality, (ii) all survivors among immigrants since 1969, and (iii) the survivors of births that are assumed to occur, according to medium fertility assumption, to immigrant women after a year of their arrival in Canada.

TABLE B.2 Cumulative Projections(1) of Emigration from Canada by Age and Sex through 1984 Medium Fertility and Gross Emigration of 60,000 Persons a Year

																						-	6	0 .	-																				-1
	1984	12,144	170 01	12,2/1	12,339	12,413	12,321	12,194	12,025	11,803	11,530	11,153	10,692	10,150	9,550	8,925		8,458	7,984	7,510	7,085	6,719	7,50	6,430	0,203	7,000	7,007	7,032	33,582	44,377	50,876	46,192	34,344		22,969	14,683	9,105	5,502			6.379			700 1007	507,834
	1983	11,462	11,001	11,300	11,004	11,698	11,580	11,421	11,214	10,958	10,640	10.227	9,740	9,184	8.584	8,179		7,719	7,210	6,737	6,335	6,095	000	7,83/	3,606	0,400	0,730	0,350	31,729	42,719	48,467	42,354	30,930		20,433	13,104	8,120	4,919			5.777			1 4 5 1	469,765
	1982	10,783	10,010	10,893	10,949	10,957	10,807	10,610	10,369	10,068	9,713	9.274	8,773	8 219	7 838	7,440		6,944	6,436	5,986	5,709	5,480		5,233	5,018	4,030	4,/8/	4,000	30,069	40,952	45,701	38,500	27 641	1 0 6 1 1	18,082	11,643	7,210	4,374			5 214	1			432,193
	1981	10,098	10,122	10,177	10,20/	10,183	966,6	9,764	6.479	9,141	8,760	8, 307	7.807	7 472	7/1,7	6,664	1000	6,170	5,684	5,360	5,094	4,876		4,645	7,447	4,326	4,323	4,420	28,513	39.094	42,518	34 710	27, 500	2000,14	15,927	10,288	6,368	3,865			789 7	500			395,126
	1980	6,400	9,400	9,435	9,433	9,371	9,150	8,874	8.551	8,187	7,793	7 341	7.060	6 723	6,73	7,00	7,00%	5,417	5,057	4,744	4,488	4 287		4,073	3,934	3,861	3,913	4,091	26.971	37,123	38 986	31,000	01,00	610,12	13,951	9,032	5,590	3,390			7, 103	4,173			358,575
	1979	8,683	8,662	8,660	8,620	8,525	8.258	7,945	7,597	7 219	6,826	6 50%	6,234	0,012	0,900	7,0,0	2,130	4,790	4,441	4,138	3,899	2 714		3,559	3,469	3,451	3,547	3,749	25,381	300,72	25,730	27,70	10,00	10,,04	12,140	7,864	4,873	2.946			200	3,740			322,556
	1978	7,938	7,887	7,847	7,773	7,633	7.330	6.991	6 629	6 252	6,078	0	2,072	7,740	5,1/9	4,793	4,508	4,173	3,834	3, 548	3,325	2,000	2,400	3,093	3,058	3,085	3,205	3,468	23 712	22,712	100,10	01,100	106,07	16,078	10,467	6,783	4.205	2 543	,		c c	3,2/8			287,103
Males	1977	7,160	7,073	666,9	6,881	6,703	6.375	6,000	5 661	7,001	5,337	, u	2,0,0	4,/0/	4,426	4,165	3,891	3,566	3,243	2000	2,27	7,011	6,133	2,681	2,691	2,742	2,923	3,199	21 033	722,00	4/1/67	066,12	20,230	13,642	8,921	5,787	3 577	2,27	7 7 7 7 7		0	7,850			252,249
	1976	6,345	6,225	6,106	5,951	5,748	5 406	5,100	7,00,7	7,753	4,762	000	4,299	4,013	3,797	3,547	3,283	2.974	2,669	2 450	2,42	2,040	7,321	2,314	2,348	2,460	2,654	2,894	20 063	20,003	700,00	23,333	17,301	11,410	7.485	4.864	2 000	1,724	1,01			2,437			218,038
	1975	5,494	5,331	5,176	4,995	4,778	4 437	704,4	1,000	4,170	3,985		3,544	3,384	3,179	2,939	2,691	2,399	2 153	1 001	1,331	1,950	1,903	1,970	2,065	2,190	2,349	2,542	10 070	10,0/9	23,000	19,809	14,336	9,361	6.153	4.012	2,012	2,443	1, 342			2,039			184,507
	1974	4,598	4,399	4,219	4,024	3,808	007 6	3,000	0,000	3,392	3,207		2,915	2,765	2,571	2,347	2,116	1 883	1,000	1,000	1,0//	7007	1,609	1,687	1,795	1,884	1,997	2,152	200	15,936	19,168	16,185	11,460	7,487	716 7	3 226	1,025	1,933	1,203			1,654			151,704
	1973	3,664	3,441	3,247	3.054	3,059	7,70 0	7,744	40/,7	2,615	2,452	4,900	2,297	2,157	1,978	1,771	1,599	1 414	1 271	1,267	1,209	1,218	1,325	1,416	1,489	1,531	1,606	1,791	00%	13,489	15,246	12,655	8,776	5,754	3 773	2,773	10101	1,4/1	1,004			1,236	_		119,676
	1972	2,704	2,469	2,276	2,304	2,315	0010	2,100	2,000	1,859	1,823	۲,٬۰۵	1,688	1,564	1,402	1,254	1,130	1 000	1,000	206	408	934	1,054	1,110	1,135	1,140	1,244	1,412	1	10,679	11,309	9,250	6,290	4,150	2 716	1 803	1,000	1,049	75/			933			88,466
	1971	1,729	1,497	1,525	1.560	1,536	0	1,38/	1,250	1,229	1,203	1,10	1,094	988	885	785	716	003	200	000	6/5	299	747	756	744	778	865	1,015		7,447	7,436	5,999	4,006	2,662	1 738	1,700	101,101	999	202			602			58,107
	1970	754	746	781	780	757		631	079	610	594	770	518	470	415	370	346	000	207	7/7	308	355	393	364	381	398	468	549		3,858	3,653	2,912	1,914	1,281	0000	000	900	318	252			291			28,613
	Age group	C		2	11 0	7			9	7		6	10	11	12	13	14	Į.		16	17	18	19	20	0.1		23	76		25-29	30-34	35-39	***************************************	45-49	7 ().	20-24	25-59	9-09	65-69	70-74	75-79	80-84	85-89		All ages

TABLE B.2 Cumulative Projections(1) of Emigration from Canada by Age and Sex through 1984 Medium Fertility and Gross Emigration of 60,000 Persons a Year - Concluded

Age group															
	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984
						,		1	1	0 013	8 896	9.558	10,208	10,853	11,499
	029	1,598	2,525	3,439	4,328	5,181	0,66,5	09/60	7,70	8 165	8.872	9,553	10,214	10,863	11,507
	677	1,345	2,270	3,196	4,108	4,995	0,840	0,000	12461	201,0	883	9,589	10,270	10,930	11,579
	725	1,401	2,069	2,993	3,918	4,829	5,715	6,566	7,372	0,140	8 802	9 629	10,335	11,015	11,675
	752	1,476	2,152	2,819	3,742	4,667	5,577	6,463	7,313	0,119	0,002	0 653	10,389	11,094	11,774
	766	1,517	2,241	2,916	3,583	4,506	5,430	6,340	7,225	۵,0/4	0000,0	2,000			0,1
				0	r or	1. 25%.	5 177	6 100	7.010	7.894	8,743	6,249	10,321	11,057	11,/62
	673	1,438	2,189	2,913	3,007	1,704	7,1,0	5 827	6.750	7,659	8,544	9,392	10,198	10,969	11,705
	653	1,325	2,090	2,841	3,564	4,239	7,056	5,527	6,444	7.366	8,275	9,159	10,008	10,813	11,584
	619	1,271	1,944	2,709	3,459	4,182	4,800	2,07	1000	7,000	7 937	8,845	9,729	10,577	11,382
	573	1,192	1,844	2,516	3,281	4,031	4,753	2,42/	6,093	1,017	7 536	8 457	9,366	10,249	11,097
	523	1,096	1,714	2,366	3,038	3,802	4,552	5,275	5,949	6,014	055,1	1000			100
				0 110	2000	307 5	7 260	5.010	5.732	907.9	7,071	7,993	8,914	9,822	10,700
	459	982	1,554	2,1/3	2,077	04460	2,200	4,685	5.435	6,157	6,830	7,496	8,417	9,338	10,246
	426	885	1,407	1,980	2,598	3,230	2,561	7,000	780 5	5 833	6,555	7,228	7,894	8,814	9,736
	700	826	1,284	1,807	2,379	7,997	3,649	4,520	7,001	7,77	6 220	6,941	7,615	8,280	9,200
	388	788	1,213	1,672	2,194	2,767	3,384	4,030	4,707	174,5	03140	6,613	7,334	8.007	8,672
	395	783	1,182	1,608	2,066	2,589	3,161	3,778	4,430	2,100	7,004	0,010			,,,,,
			,	0,1	1 002	207 6	870 6	3, 519	4,137	4,788	5,459	6,222	6,970	7,692	8,364
	360	755	1,142	1,542	1,967	074,7	2,240	2 227	3,899	4,516	5,167	5,837	009'9	7,349	8,070
	381	741	1,135	1,523	1,922	0+0,7	2,000	2000	3 7 28	666 7	4,916	5,567	6,237	666,9	7,748
	402	783	1,142	1,537	1,924	2,323	2,748	2,200	2,120	4,165	4, 736	5,353	6,003	6,673	7,435
	439	841	1,221	1,581	1,975	2,362	10/,7	2,100	2,044	7, 218	4 739	5,310	5,926	6,576	7,246
	576	1,015	1,416	1,796	2,156	2,550	2,937	3,330	2,100	7,410				,,,,,	267 6
	000	1 7.70	7 0 1 7	9 318	2 698	3.058	3,451	3,838	4,237	4,661	5,119	5,640	6,210	0,870	1,4/0
	506	1,4/0	1,71/	2,027	2 255	3 735	760.7	4,488	4,874	5,273	2,697	6,154	6,6,5	C+7'/	1,001
	1,038	1,940	2,010	2,234	4 124	4.525	4,905	5,263	5,657	6,043	6,442	6,866	7,323	7,843	0,413
	1,1/2	607,7	3,111	2,000	1,121	0.70	5 640	6 0 0 9	6.387	6,781	7,167	7,565	7,989	8,446	8,900
	1,127	2,298	3,334	4,236	4,010	5,896	7,043	6.735	7,114	7,472	7,866	8,252	8,650	9,073	9,530
	1,089	2,215	3,385	4,441	7,044	2,200				100	030 27	//8 018	50.832	52,743	54,700
	775 7	8.994	13.941	19,187	24,554	29,867	34,665	38,775	42,117	44,805	40,737	50,207	56,402	59,735	62,413
•	3 063	6.355	9,896	13,699	17,766	22,092	26,727	31,658	36,884	42,233	47,720	705,307	70,105	49 589	54,911
	2,000	702 7	7 292	10.011	12,887	15,933	19,210	22,732	26,517	30,563	34,869	29,400	200 00	25, 78/	30 700
	2,270	7,07,0	5 314	7 328	9,467	11,744	14,153	16,705	19,402	22,255	25,278	28,531	32,020	10,101	20,100
	1,000	171.0	2,011	7,003	6, 512	8,144	9,893	11,763	13,751	15,864	18,114	20,495	23,016	000,67	70,300
	1,100	2,000	00000			1,0	1	07.0	0 656	11.147	12,747	14,463	16,296	18,248	20,320
	888	1,804	2,756	3,735	7,760	2,845	CTO'/	0,412	2000	0 252	9 305	10.439	11.667	13,003	14,450
	639	1,322	2,047	2,821	3,637	7,495	5,387	6,309	7,238	0,433	2,000	7 610	8 499	407.6	10,352
	428	892	1,385	1,914	2,483	3,094	3,743	4,435	5,170	5,950	69/'0	7,012	0,100	6 537	7.258
	309	641	988	1,355	1,739	2,138	2,565	3,025	3,516	4,041	4,609	2,212	2,000	,,,,	000
75-79	()	210	1 250	1 737.	2 247	9 7 7 9 9	3.387	4.008	4,668	5,365	6,106	6,893	7,733	8,622	9,573
80-84	293	010		1,7,7	11767	1164									
85-89															
				1					0	27.0 026	183 780	877 967	466.508	506,748	547,509
All ages	31,307	63,469	96,463	130,319	164,975	200,407	236,552	273,384	310,852	340,924	100,100	150,10	2000		

(1) Figures include (i) the assumed gross emigration of 60,000 persons each year after allowance for mortality during the year of departure, (ii) all survivors among emigrand and (iii) the survivors of births that are assumed to occur, according to medium fertility assumption, to emigrant women before a year of their departure from Canada, and (iii) the survivors of births that are assumed to occur, according to medium fertility assumption, to emigrant women before a year of their departure from Canada.

TABLE B.3 Cumulative Projections(1) of Net Migration for Canada by Age and Sex through 1984 Medium Fertility and Net Immigration of 100,000 Persons a Year (1.e., 160,000 immigrants minus 60,000 emigrants a year)

																						_			_	_					0 -	. ~	7			9		1	7
	1984	22,113	21,520	21,315	20,785	772 00	140,04	19,777	18,024	16,971	177	15,744	13,006	11,581	10,185	9 941	9 716	9,704	9,950	10,589	11,587	13,151	15,114	17,082	19,065	120,809	141,952	66 308	33,930		10,303	7,978	6,837			10,166			925,517
-	1983	21,104	20,520	20,276	19,498	10 065	18 205	17 429	16 406	15,187	0 0	13,881	11 001	9 700	9,375	0 044	8 909	8,948	9,272	9,735	10,772	12,431	14,459	16,516	18,510	118,243	136,372	103,035	29,315	1 0	0,073	7,351	6,379			9,327			855,848
	1982	20,042	10,000	18 826	18,114	17 7.00	16 710	15 750	14,601	13,323	1 1	11,972	10,00	9,207	8,476	8 237	8 153	2,50	8,417	8,920	10.051	11,775	13,892	15,959	17,992	115,525	129,104	700,000	25,244		13,640	6,762	5,931			8,489			786,931
	1981	18,918	10,07	17 442	16,632	000	15,690	12,021	10,204	11.413	0 1	10,055	160,0	0,290	7.669	027/2	7,477	7,47,7	7,601	8,198	9,393	11,208	13,335	15,441	17,477	112,529	119,958	/8, /21	21,606	7,000	11,707	7,742	5,495			7,662			718,841
	1980	17,713	10,401	15,034	15,044		12,215	13,243	12,090	0,040		8,170	7,079	7,498	6.911	7000	6,799	770,0	6.879	7,539	8.826	10,650	12,816	14,926	16,988	109,019	109,193	67,366	18 360	10,000	10,008	6,700	5.066			6,845			651,647
	1979	16,419	12,090	12,209	13,362	1 0	12,428	17,3//	10,180	7,927	,,010	7,357	6,980	6,689	6,423	0 00	0,342	5,790	6.219	6,971	8 267	10,129	12,300	14,436	16,502	104,684	97,184	56,766	15,765	70,400	8,516	7,77	7,0,7	2		6,047			585,450
Males	1978	15,031	14,409	13,019	11 573	2 1	10,560	9,463	8,267	7,040	0,121	6,458	0,1/0	5,931	5,742	0 00	5,123	0,0,0	5,212	6,411	7 746	9,613	11,809	13,950	15,935	790,66	84,650	47,068	10 000	12,090	7,210	0,273	4,047	1,01		5.269			520,329
M	1977	13,541	12,818	11,935	0,030		8,645	7,543	6,379	6,22/	7,60,0	5,649	5,412	5,248	4,929	1,000	4,398	4,414	7,042	5,889	7 220	9.122	11,322	13,382	15,262	91,750	72,174	38,417	20,339	10,030	6,061	4,626	4,033	2007.50		4.513			456,445
	1976	11,946	11,132	10,143	7 780	60/6/	6,724	5,654	5,565	5,32/	2,000	4,889	4,730	4,390	4,064	0,020	3,737	3,843	4,081	5,371	707 3	8,634	10,753	12,708	14,467	82,544	60,129	30,954	16,626	8,034	5,053	3,997	2,00,0	3,323		3.783			393,772
	1975	10,256	9,338	8,271	7,109	0,000	4,834	4,841	4,666	4,516	4,327	4,207	3,871	3,570	3,338	2,100	3,166	3,281	3,558	4,879	070	8 064	10,079	11,911	13,464	71,704	48,675	24,562	13,311	6,8/5	4,163	3,381	3,042	7,000		3 086			332,554
	1974	8,458	7,465	6,353	5,186	0,7,0	4,020	3,939	3,855	3,757	3,645	3,348	3,051	2,843	2,675	1,77	2,604	2,758	3,040	4,389	010	7 388	9,281	10,906	12,146	59,615	37,985	19,107	10,353	5,327	3,373	2,777	2,548	7,431		2 7.28	0 3 4 6 7		272.854
	1973	6,580	5,545	4,428	3,293	3,100	3,119	3,128	3,094	3,074	7, 784	2,526	2,323	2,181	2,104	2,032	2,080	2,238	2,545	3,818	0 0	2,002	8,223	9,586	10,292	46,992	28,203	14,332	7,735	3,974	2,646	2,198	2,047	1,900	-	1 823	1,043		214.777
	1972	4,654	3,618	2,534	2,477	7,730	2,306	2,368	2,411	2,213	1,963	1,799	1,661	1,609	1,541	1,508	1,560	1,744	2,055	3,141	- 0	4,200	6,952	7,730	7,908	34,430	19,478	10,120	5,420	2,786	1,960	1,634	1,546	1,480		000	1,200		158.418
	1971	2,721	1,722	1,718	1,574	1,446	1,546	1,684	1,550	1,392	1,237	1,137	1,088	1,045	1,016	98/	1,066	1,253	1,483	2,339	7 7	3,191	7,77	5,342	5,215	22,299	11,948	6,358	3,379	1,740	1,294	1,082	1,034	986		1	193		103.832
	1970	820	904	813	761	684	862	823	728	799	573	564	525	521	496	764	574	089	803	1,012	2000	1,864	2,393	2,645	2,574	10.767	5,506	3,001	1,583	820	549	541	520	787		0,0	506		51.045
	Age group	0	1	2		7	5	9	7		6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	10	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	20		22	24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	69-59	70-74	75-79	85-89	() +06	A11

TABLE B.3 Cumulative Projections(1) of Net Migration for Canada by Age and Sex through 1984
Medium Fertility and Net Immigration of 100,000 Persons a Year (i.e., 160,000 immigrants minus 60,000 emigrants a year) - Concluded

1	N 10 + m +	+++ + m m -> + m ==	- 63 -	D +10	
1984	21,072 20,955 20,724 20,353 19,774	19,314 18,704 17,914 16,973 15,888 14,750 13,497 12,141 10,753 9,378	9,076 8,809 8,836 9,204 10,000 11,117 12,521 14,486 16,379 18,202	110, 207 125, 284 98, 125 56, 532 31, 615 20, 012 16, 314 16, 258	24,629
1983	20,114 19,951 19,661 19,213 18,549	17,999 17,295 16,404 15,375 14,186 12,974 11,677 10,315 8,957 8,559	8,196 8,023 8,135 8,635 9,231 10,408 11,898 13,914 15,865 17,637	107,845 119,564 86,752 48,883 27,560 17,713 15,088 15,088	22,324
1982	19,107 18,886 18,519 17,987 17,234	16,588 15,784 14,805 13,673 12,409 11,154 9,850 8,519 8,138 7,679	7,411 7,321 7,565 7,864 8,521 9,784 11,326 13,400 15,300	105,393 112,355 75,635 42,027 23,936 15,689 13,944 14,339	20,068
1981	18,041 17,745 17,294 16,671 15,822	15,078 14,186 13,104 11,896 10,589 9,326 8,054 7,700 7,259 6,892	6,707 6,752 6,754 7,897 9,212 10,812 12,834 14,777 16,649	102,592 103,376 65,377 35,992 20,664 13,909 12,851 13,380	17,885
1980	16,897 16,518 15,977 15,260 14,312	13,479 12,482 11,326 10,074 8,761 7,531 7,235 6,819 6,471 6,189	6,137 5,980 6,084 6,531 7,325 8,697 10,246 12,310 14,312	99,163 93,005 56,001 30,707 17,718 12,344 11,794 12,411	15,780
1979	15,668 15,200 14,563 13,748 12,711	11,775 10,704 9,504 8,246 6,964 6,353 6,033 5,708 5,620	5,366 5,460 5,958 6,810 8,132 9,722 11,846 13,872 15,790	94,790 81,657 47,544 26,088 15,072 10,954 11,762	13,765
1978	14,347 13,786 13,051 12,146 11,006	9, 995 7, 675 6, 449 6, 143 6, 143 5, 329 5, 198 4, 848	4,655 4,645 4,888 5,443 6,244 7,607 11,466 13,452 15,272	89,053 70,230 39,836 21,986 12,728 9,689 9,754 10,408	11,855
remales 1977	12,930 12,272 11,447 10,440 9,226	8,172 7,052 5,877 5,629 5,042 4,759 4,125 4,137	4,031 4,073 4,877 5,719 7,142 8,817 10,985 12,933	81,818 59,059 32,928 18,317 10,663 8,511 8,751 8,751	10,072
1976	11,414 10,667 9,741 8,659 7,402	5,234 5,234 4,747 4,747 6,747 7,056 7,066 7,066 7,066 7,066 7,066 7,066 7,066 7,066 7,066 7,066 7,066	3,458 3,557 3,557 3,557 6,352 6,754 10,466 12,320 13,844	72,806 48,747 26,848 15,009 8,851 7,384 7,748 8,268	8,413
1975	9,806 8,959 7,959 6,834 5,571	2,644,444 2,642 3,959 3,959 3,520 2,039 2,039	2,942 2,990 3,281 3,886 4,814 6,280 7,877 11,505	62,398 39,327 21,523 12,025 7,254 6,729 7,146	6,871
1974	8,094 7,175 6,132 5,002	3,721 3,521 3,255 3,255 3,201 2,809 2,609 2,609 2,618 2,424	2,375 2,465 2,815 3,446 4,392 5,762 7,633 10,435 11,408	51,012 30,825 16,868 9,346 5,837 5,231 5,690 6,001	5,429
1973	6,307 5,347 4,299 3,200	2,838 2,762 2,682 2,685 2,429 2,184 2,001 1,856	1,850 1,998 2,374 3,023 3,873 5,147 6,447 7,967 9,068	39,545 23,082 12,736 6,975 4,546 4,191 4,624 4,624	4,104
1972	4,475 3,513 2,496 2,378	2,051 2,051 2,058 2,111 1,912 1,716 1,659 1,611 1,541 1,334	1,384 1,558 1,952 2,505 3,258 4,331 6,599 7,181 7,407	28,335 16,138 9,042 4,885 3,346 3,157 3,526 3,616	2,898
1971	2,634 1,708 1,673 1,495	1,346 1,346 1,339 1,199 1,090 1,093 1,093 1,093 1,093 863	1,135 1,432 1,432 1,889 2,441 3,260 4,711 5,064 4,816	17,985 10,028 5,701 3,048 2,193 2,122 2,122 2,381 2,381	1,835
1970	826 884 789 706	517 713 626 574 517 517 568 568 467 441	520 616 817 1,073 1,370 1,890 2,593 2,472 2,345	8,529 4,673 2,696 1,431 1,081 1,069 1,205 1,181	851
Age group	00 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	15 10 117 118 19 20 21 22 23	25-29 30-34 35-39 40-44 45-49 55-59 60-64	75-79 75-79 80-84 85-89



